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CLEARANCE SALE

From now on, until our business is moved to our new Nurseries at Woodmont, we will continue to offer the stock at our Edgewood Nurseries at

SPECIAL REDUCED RATES.

This stock comprises many very fine specimen Evergreens, Shadetrees, Fruit-trees, etc. Such bargains may never be offered again.

TREES EVERGREENS SHRUBS VINES ROSES ETC.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY CO.

WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC. EDGEWOOD EDGEWOOD NEW HAVEN CONN.

NEAR YALE BOWL

Wholesale Price List

Stock also listed at each and ten rates for those who desire to purchase in less than wholesale quantities

Illustrations are omitted from this REVISED ANNUAL PRICE LIST which is a compact compilation of information regarding the stock we have for sale, together with sizes and prices.

Important to Purchasers

PRICES in this catalog are for first class stock grown under most favorable conditions, dug and shipped by experienced workmen. Our prices are as low as is consistent with high quality stock, good service and economical business management. Adherance to these three CARDINAL POINTS has gained for us a high reputation which we cherish and purpose to maintain.

Single-rate prices are for less than five of a kind.

Ten-rate prices are for five or more, and less than twenty-five of a kind. Hundred-rate prices are for twenty-five or more, and less than 250 of a kind. Thousand-rate prices are for 250 or more of a kind.

Trees and Plants individually selected at our nurseries, will be charged for according to quoted price at time of selection.

TERMS. Orders from parties unknown to us should be accompained by remittance or satisfactory references. All accounts are due when bills are rendered, and prompt payment is expected. Settlements within ten days from date of invoice may take off 2% discount.

Prices in this Catalogue supersede previous catalogue quotations and are subject to change without notice, owing to conditions not within our control.

Shipping

THE common carriers are Freight, Express, Post and Auto. Large consignments especially of bulky orders are usually shipped by auto. Where the distance is too great to make an auto truck advisable, shipment will be made by freight. Express, at the present reduced rates, is satisfactory for medium sized shipments where prompt delivery is required. Parcel Post is recommended only on small orders. Where no directions are given with order we ship by the method which we consider best for the purchaser.

PACKING. A charge is made to cover cost, for packing, when stock is purchased at hundred and thousand rate prices, also in case of large bulky stock, and when plants are dug with carefully preserved balls of earth. No charge is made for packing on small and medium sized stock purchased at less than hundred rates, nor on stock shipped in car load lots.

HILE we exercise the greatest care to have all the Trees, Shrubs, and Plants, etc.; genuine and believe them to be true to label and hold ourselves prepared to refund the purchase price or replace on proper proof all that prove untrue, we do not give any warranty, express or implied; and in case of any error on our part, it is mutually agreed between the purchaser and ourselves that we shall not at any time be held responsible for a greater amount than the original price of the goods.

Visitors are always most cordially welcome. During the spring and fall there are short intervals, however, when it is quite impossible for us to devote much time to showing parties about the nursery, as these are the most strenuous shipping periods of the entire year.

HOW TO REACH US. Our nurseries and office are located at EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, near the New Yale Bowl, just beyond Edgewood Park. Auto via Edgewood Avenue or West Chapel Street. Edgewood Trolley cars direct to Nurseries.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY

WOODMONT NURSERIES, Inc.

EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

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NEAR NEW YALE BOWL

Transplanting Directions Preparing the Soil

No one thing is of more importance to the ultimate development of plants than thorough preparation of the soil. When the natural soil is of a poor quality, replace to a depth of about two feet with a good grade of loam. For a single plant, dig out a hole twice as large as is really necessary to contain its roots. When group plantings are to be made, dig out the whole area. Well rotted manure may be mixed into the soil to good advantage, but always avoid the use of fresh manure in contact with roots of a plant. If the natural drainage is poor, artificial drainage must be made.

Planting

At the time of planting, most plants need a little shaping, both of tops and roots. Since a portion of the root system has been cut away in digging, a corresponding portion of the top should be removed. It is best to retain the general shape of the plant, cutting away any weak or injured branches, and about one-third of the previous year's growth from the end of each branch. Evergreens and stock dug with a ball of earth are exceptions. The root system should be examined and all split or bruised roots removed with a diagonal cut.

Be careful not to set the plant too deep. Place the plant a little deeper than the point at which it is to remain, and carefully spread out all the roots (plants dug with a ball of earth excepted), now shovel in the earth until the roots are covered about two inches. Lift the plant up and down until the soil settles in well and no cavities remain. Throw in more earth and with a blunt stick work well in under the roots. Press down the soil with a firmer or the foot, beginning at the center of the plant and working out. When the hole is filled to within three or four inches of the top, pour in two or three pailfuls of water. Allow this to disappear, and then fill the hole, leaving a slight depression around the plant.

In planting evergreens or other plants dug with a ball of earth, care should be taken to prevent breaking the ball. Place the plant in the hole so that the top of the ball is not more than one inch below the level of the ground. Put in enough soil to hold the plant firmly in place.

enough soil to hold the plant firmly in place.

Watering and Mulching

After a plant has been set in the ground it should be mulched with manure, leaves or lawn clippings to prevent evaporation of the soil's moisture. When mulching is unsightly or not practical, occasional thorough watering and frequent loosening of the soil serves a similar purpose. The ground around new made plantings should never be allowed to become dry.

After Care

Many plantings never receive the after care they require. This applies more especially to house foundation and other intensive plantings of both evergreens and shrubs. Such plantings are often massed with the plants placed close to one another to produce immediate effects. Unless these plantings are trimmed consistently from season to season, they soon lose their original attractiveness and become ragged and overgrown, whereas if they are given proper care, they improve in appearance from season to season and can be kept within any required limitations.

Deciduous shrubs should be pruned so as to remove a portion of the old wood each year, saving the new growth. By this method each plant is entirely renewed every few years. Judgment must be used in pruning so that as much of the blossoming wood as possible will remain. This refers especially to Spiraeas, Forsythias, Japan Quinces, etc. Such shrubs as Hydrangeas, Altheas and most roses, bloom on the new growth and are improved by pruning before the spring growth begins. A little mid-summer pruning is often advantageous, especially where plants are becoming unshapely or are overgrown. Massed plantings of evergreens need

are becoming unshapely or are overgrown. Massed plantings of evergreens need careful pruning and shaping each season, otherwise the stronger growers will overcrowd the others. This trimming can be done to advantage just before the new growth starts in the spring.

These brief instructions are only intended to give a few simple pointers. Write to us freely if you have any garden problems which are causing you anxiety. With our wide experience it is probable that we can help you.

Protection

It is advisable to stake a newly planted tree in locations where the wind blows severely. The continued shaking of the tree prevents the little rootlets from getting a hold in the soil and often results in failure of a plant to grow. Suitable guards should be provided for all trees planted where exposed to horse bites, hub scars and similar injuries.



HEDGES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



THE present popularity of hedges as dividing lines and for ornamental plantings is the logical outcome of a rapid progress toward better gardening.

DECIDUOUS

	per	\mathbf{per}		per	per
	100	1000		100	1000
Barberry Thunberg's			Privet California.		
(Japan).			12-18 in	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00
10-12 in	\$ 8.00	\$ 75.00	18-24 in	4.00	35.00
12-18 in	12.00	100.00	24-30 in	5.00	45.00
18-24 in	15.00	125.00	- 30-36 in	7.00	60.00
Barberry Vulgaris.			36-40 in	10.00	70.00
12-18 in	10.00	80.00	Privet Ibota (Japan).	20.00	
18-24 in	12.00	100.00	15-18 in	10.00	80.00
2-3 ft	15.00	120.00	18-24 in	12.00	100.00
	10.00	120.00	2-3 ft	15.00	125.00
Burning Bush			Quince Japan	10.00	120.00
(Evonymus Alata).			(Cydonia).		
18-24 in	20.00	175.00	18-24 in	12.00	90.00
24-30 in	25.00	200.00	24-30 in	15.00	120.00
30-36 in	30.00	250.00	Rosa Rugosa (Red	10.00	120.00
Lilac Purple.			or White).		
18-24 in	12.00	100.00	18-24 in	18.00	150.00
2-3 ft	15.00	120.00	24-30 in	20.00	175.00
Lilac White.				20.00	175.00
18-24 in	15.00	120.00	Spiraea Thunberg's.		
0.24 111	18.00	150.00	15-18 in	15.00	125.00
2-3 ft	18.00	150.00	18-24 in	18.00	150.00
Privet Amoor (Up-			24-30 in	20.00	175.00
right).			Spiraea Van Houte's.		
1-2 ft	10.00	80.00	18-24 in	12.00	100.00
2-3 ft	12.00	100.00	24-30 in	15.00	120.00
3-4 ft	15.00	120.00	30-36 in	18.00	150.00
		EVERG	REENS		
	per	per		per	per
	100	1000		100	1000
Arborvitæ American.	100	1000	Pine White.	100	1000
12-15 in	20.00	175.00	15-18 in	15.00	125.00
15-18 in	25.00	225.00	10-10 III		
18-24 in	30.00	250.00	18-24 in	20.00	175.00
24-30 in	35.00	300.00	24-30 in	25.00	225.00
Cypress (Retinispora	00.00	000.00	Spruce Norway.		
Plumosa and Aurea	1			*0.00	100 00
8-12 in	25.00	200.00	12-15 in	12.00	100.00
12-18 in	30.00	250.00	15-18 in	15.00	120.00
Hemlock American.	30.00	200.00	18-24 in	20.00	175.00
12-15 in	20.00	175.00	Yew Japan (Taxus		
12-13 in	30.00	275.00	Cuspidata).		
		445.00		25 00	200.00
18-24 in	$50.00 \\ 75.00$		8-12 in	25.00	200.00
24-30 in 30-36 in		650.00	12-15 in	40.00	350.00
	90.00	800.00		75.00	650.00
25 or more at hund	red rates.	250 or n	ore at thousand rates.		

Landscape Department

Where best results are attained in landscape and other gardening work, both experience and taste are important factors. Our landscape Department is under well equipped and expert management. We are always glad to offer suggestions without charge to intending purchasers, but where landscape problems require special visits, plans, specifications, etc., a charge is made consistent with value of services rendered. We will be pleased to take up this matter more fully with those who are interested. Ample reference from those who have and are employing us. Send for our Landscape cross-section sketch-sheet blank. By filling it out and returning it to us you will have supplied us such information that we can offer you valuable suggestions for which there will be no charge.

valuable suggestions for which there will be no charge.

Sept. 14, 1917.

"I bought of you in the spring, a Privet hedge, and had it set out on its arrival, and beg to state that it has done exceedingly well."

F. J. Lewis, Stamford, Conn.



KEY TO TYPE ARRANGEMENT



THE following lists are so arranged that quick reference can be made to sizes and prices of the stock we have to offer. We have used a popular classification, as follows:

TREES. Pages 5 to 13. Shedding foliage in the Autumn. Example, Maple. EVERGREENS. Pages 14 to 18. Foliage remaining on tree throughout the year. Example, Norway Spruce.

BROAD-LEAF EVERGREENS. Pages 19 to 20. Foliage remaining throughout the year. Example, Rhodendrons.

SHRUBS. Pages 21 to 28. Shedding foliage in Autumn. Example, Lilac.

VINES. Pages 29 to 30. Example, Wisteria.

HERBACEOUS PERENNIALS. Pages 31 to 38. Hardy permanent roots. Above the ground the growth is renewed annually. Example, Pæonia.

HARDY ROSES. Pages 39 to 41.

FRUIT DEPARTMENT. General list of fruit trees and small fruits. Pages 42 to 45.

The Botanical names are inserted alphabetically in **THIS TYPE**, under their respective classes, and refer to the popular, common or English names.

Examples—ACER, see Maple; PICEA, see Spruce, Hibiscus, see Althea, etc.

TREES

The keen personal pleasure of knowing that one has added to the sum total of the noble trees which develop into greater beauty from year to year is worth many times all the trouble and expense involved. To be able to know that an avenue of trees or even a single tree which is growing into mature beauty and usefulness is a result of ones own personal effort is reward enough for the doing. We are conscious of the importance of trees now about us and what they represent in the practical economy and beauty of our surroundings. Some one has planted them and we are enjoying the benefit. The trees which are in their prime of beauty today will some time disappear. Will we leave for future generations a legacy at least as rich in trees as the one we are enjoying? If so, we must do our share which means Plant more trees.

COMMON AND BOTANICAL N	AMES		Each	Per 10	Per 100
ACACIA LOCUST (Robina Pseudacacia) Showy racemes of fragrant wisterialike flowers. ACANTHOPANAX RICINIFOLIUM (Aralia) Rare tree, tropical foliage, very desirable.	3 to 2 to 4 to 3 to 2 to	5 feet. 4 feet. 3 feet. 5 feet. 4 feet. 3 feet.	2.50 2.00 1.25	20.00 17.50 10.00	\$25.00
ACER, see Maple. ESCULUS, see Horse Chestnut. AILANTHUS GLANDULOSA (Tree of Heaven). ANDROMEDA or Sorrel Tree (Oxydendron arboreum). Specimens, shipped with balls of earth	8 to feet, \$ 4 to	2 feet. 10 feet. 2.00 to 5 feet. 4 feet.	10.00 1.50	8.00 8.00 12.50 8.00	100.00





COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
ARALIA, see Acanthopanax also shrubs.			
ASH AMERICAN WHITE (Fraxinus			
americana)Specimens, 12 to 25 feet, \$2.00 to	\$15.00		
ASH EUROPEAN (F. excelsior), Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to ASH EUROPEAN WEEPING (F. excel-	8.00		
sior var.)Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to ASH GREEN (F. lanceolata).	5.00		
Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to ASH MOUNTAIN, see Mountain Ash.	8.00		
ASH-PRICKLY (Zanthoxylum americanum). Interesting native shrub. 4 to 5 feet.	1.00	\$9.00	
BASSWOOD, see Linden.	1 00	0.00	
BEECH AMÉRICAN (Fagus grandiflora). 3 to 4 feet. Native beech, a tree of noble proportions. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	$\begin{array}{c} 1.00 \\ .50 \\ .35 \end{array}$	$9.00 \\ 4.00 \\ 3.00$	\$30.00 25.00
BEECH EUROPEAN (F. sylvatica). Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	15.00	0.00	20.00
This is the beech famous in Eng- 6 to 8 feet.	1.75		130.00
land, where many avenues planted 5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	90.00
centuries ago are now objects of veneration. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	9.00	80.00
BEECH EUROPEAN FERN-LEAF (F.	. 13	0.00	• • • • •
sylvatica var.)	2.50		
Shrub-like form of the European 3 to 4 feet.	1.50	13.50	• • • • •
beech. 2 to 3 feet. BEECH EUROPEAN PURPLE-LEAF	1.00	8.50	• • • • •
(F. sylvatica var.) . Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00		
The well known purple-leaved beech. 5 to 6 feet.	2.50	20.00	
Its brilliant foliage makes it a very ef- 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	
fective tree. BEECH EUROPEAN RIVER'S PURPLE			
(F. sylvatica var.). Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to	15.00		
The darkest purple-leaved form. 5 to 6 feet.	3.00		
BEECH EUROPEAN WEEPING (F.	1 . 00		
sylvatica var.) Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00	20.00	• • • • •
This unique form of the European 6 to 8 feet. beech is well known. 4 to 6 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 20.00 \\ 17.50 \end{bmatrix}$	
BEECH EUROPEAN WEEPING PUR-	-100	21.00	
PLE (F. sylvatica var.) 4 to 6 feet.	3.00		
BETULA, see Birch. BIRCH CANOE (B. papyrifera).			
The well-known white birch of our 10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	90.00
northern woods. Very rapid grower. 8 to 10 feet.	1.25	10.00	80.00
BIRCH BED BIVED (B.:) 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	8.00	
BIRCH RED RIVER (B. nigra). Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
DIDCH WHITE EUDODEAN CUTTEAE	10.00		• • • • •
WEEPING (B. pendula var.)			
A very popular form of the European 8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	90.00
white birch, with deep-cut foliage. 6 to 8 feet. 5 to 6 feet.	$\frac{1.25}{1.00}$	10.00	80.00
BIRCH YELLOW (B. lutea).	1.00	0.00	• • • • •
Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
Large tree with silvery bark. BUTTON-BALL, see Plane.			
CARPINUS, see Hornbeam.			
CATALPA BUNGEI (Catalpa bigno-		1	
nioides var. nana). 5 to 7 foot stems.			
Specimens, 2 to 6 year heads, \$1.00 to Trees with bushy heads. 1 year heads	10.00	6 00	55.00
Trees with bushy heads. 1 year heads CATALPA SPECIOSA. Specimens, 12 to 18 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00	6.00	00.00
Rapid growing trees with large 10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.00	10.00
heart-shaped foliage. 8 to 10 feet.	1.00	9.00	70.00
CELTIS, see Nettle Tree.			
CERASUS (Prunus), see Cherry.			
(Katsura Troo) Specimens 10 to 15 feet \$2.50 to	15.00		
(Katsura Tree)Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$2.50 to An interesting tree resembling the 5 to 6 feet.	15.00	12.50	
birches in habit, leaves heart-shaped, 4 to 5 feet.	1.00	8.00	
very hardy. 3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
CERCIS, see Judas Tree.			
		- 1	



TREES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAM	IES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
CHERRY DOUBLE PINK, J. H. Veitch				
(Prunus serrulata var.).				
A beautiful dwarf, double pink	4 to 5 f	eet. \$ 1.00	\$ 8.00	\$70.00
cherry. Profuse bloomer.		eet75	6.00	50.00
CHERRY JAPAN WEEPING (Prunus				
subhirtella var.)Specimens, 6 to 8 fe	et, \$2.50	0 to 15.00		
Producing an abundance of delicate	6 to 8 f	eet. 2.50	20.00	
pink flowers as the new growth is un-	5 to 6 f		12.50	
folding, giving the whole plant an	4 to 5 f	eet. 1.00	9.00	
indescribable charm.				
CHERRY SARGENT'S (Prunus serrulata	F 4 - 7 5	eet. 2.00	17 50	
var.) Large Japan cherry, beautiful pink		eet. 2.00 eet. 1.50	17.50 12.50	• • • • •
flowers rere and desirable		eet. 1.00	9.00	
flowers, rare and desirable. CHERRY WEEPING (Prunus serotina	010 41	1.00	0.00	
var.)	et. \$2.0	0 to 15.00		
CHERRY WEEPING (Prunus cerasus	300, 4210	10,10	1	1
var.)	et, \$2.0	0 to 15.00		
CLADRASTIS, see Yellow-wood.	,			
COFFEE-TREE KENTUCKY (Gymno-				
cladus dioica)	8 to 10 f	eet. 2.50	20.00	
CORK TREE, see Phellodendron.				
CORNUS, see Dogwood.				=10,
CRABAPPLE BECHTEL'S DOUBLE				
(Pyrus ioensis var.). Double form of the Western Crab-	3 to 4 f	eet75	6.00	
apple. Light pink.		eet50	4.00	
CRABAPPLE PARKMAN'S (P. Halliana	200 01	.00	1.00	1
var.)Specimens, 6 to 8 fe	eet, \$2.0	0 to 6.00		
One of the most elegant of all the	5 to 6 f	eet. 1.50	12.50	
Japan flowering crabapples. Flowers		feet. 1.00	8.00	70.00
deep rose red; foliage glossy.	3 to 4 f	eet50	4.50	35.00
CRABAPPLE PINK JAPAN (P. pulcher-	F 1 0 1		10 50	
ima var.)		eet. 1.50	12.50 8.00	70.00
lous flowers.		eet. 1.00	6.00	50.00
CRABAPPLE, PURPLE LEAF, JAPAN	310 41	.75	0.00	30.00
(P. pulcherima hyb.)	5 to 6 f	eet. 2.00	17.50	
A new type, with a rich amber red		eet. 1.50	12.00	
foliage.		eet. 1.00	8.00	
CRABAPPLE SCHEIDECKER'S (P.		1		
pulcherima var.)		feet. 1.50	12.00	
Flowers deep pink and quite double.	4 to 5 i	feet. 1.00	8.00	70.00
One of the best.				
CRATÆGUS, see Thorn.	8 to 10 f	feet. 2.00	17 50	
CYPRESS BALD (Taxodium distichum). The cypress of the South.		feet. 1.00	17.50 9.00	
DOGWOOD JAPAN WHITE (Cornus	4 to 51	feet. 2.50	20.00	1
Kousa)		feet. 1.50	12.50	
Rare tree of unusual merit, flower-		feet. 1.00	9.00	
ing later than our native Dogwood.		feet50	4.00	
DOGWOOD WHITE FLOWERING				
(Cornus florida)Specimens, 7 to 15 for Our native White Dogwood is with-	eet, \$2.0	0 to 15.00	:::::	.:::::
Our native White Dogwood is with-	5 to 61	feet. 1.50	12.50	115.00
out a rival among ornamental trees of		feet. 1.00	9.00	80.00
medium size. It is effective as a single		feet75	6.00	50.00
specimen, in groups, mixed with other		feet50	3.00	30.00
shrubs and trees, or along the wood- land border.	1 10 21	feet35	3.00	20.00
-and boldol.				
			*	-

November 17, 1917.

"Please enter our order for the following assortment of shade trees for the Grove St. Cemetery. Of the lot of 175 Norway Maples we had of you several years ago, not one has failed to grow. These trees are now all fine specimens and a great addition to the beauty of the grounds."

Dwight B. Snow,

Asst. Supt. Grove St. Cemetery, New Haven, Conn.





			1
COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
DOGWOOD RED FLOWERING			
(C. florida var. rubra) 6 to 8 feet.			
Like the preceding, but having 5 to 6 feet.	2.50	017 70	
beautiful deep rosy-pink flowers, freely 4 to 5 feet. produced, a desirable tree. 3 to 4 feet.	$\frac{2.00}{1.50}$	\$17.50 12.50	• • • • •
One of the most valuable orna- 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	9.00	\$80.00
mental trees ever originating in Amer- 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
ica and should be more freely planted.			
DOGWOOD WEEPING (C. florida var.).			
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
Branches gracefully pendent. 2 to 3 feet. ELM AMERICAN WHITE (Ulmus	1.00	6.00	
americana)Specimens, 15 to 25 feet, \$3.00 to	25.00		
Too well known to need description. 12 to 15 feet.	2.50	20.00	
No other tree forms a finer avenue. 10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	115.00
8 to 10 feet.	1.00	8.00	60.00
6 to 8 feet.	. 50	4.00	35.00
ELM ENGLISH PURPLE-LEAF (U. campestre var.) Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
ELM SCOTCH WEEPING or CAMPERDOWN	5.00		
(U. glabra var.)Specimens, 6 to 12 feet, \$1.00 to	15.00		
FAGUS, see Beech.			
FRAXINIS, see Ash. Where specimens			
GINGKO, see Maiden Hair Tree. are wanted it is well to write to us			
GLEDITSCHIA, see Locust.) for descriptions of (
GYMNOCLADUS, see Coffee-tree. the individual trees or visit our			
HALESIA, see Snowdrop-tree. HAMAMELIS, see Witch Hazel.			
HOLLY, see Broad-Leaf Evergreens.			
HONEY-LOCUST AMERICAN (Gle- 4 to 6 feet.)	. 50	4.00	30.00
ditschia triacanthos)	.35	3.00	20.00
A tree of picturesque outline. 2 to 3 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
Thrives on very light soils.			
HOP-TREE (Ptelea trifoliata) 4 to 5 feet.	. 50	3.50	25.00
Interesting small tree, very hardy. 2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	20.00
HORNBEAM AMERICAN (Carpinus			
caroliniana)Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to	5.00	:::::	140.00
A graceful and interesting tree. 6 to 8 feet.	2.00	15.00	140.00
HORNBEAM EUROPEAN (C. Betulus). Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	5 00		
This Hornbeam eventually becomes 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{5.00}{1.50}$	12.50	
a large tree. A most desirable variety. 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	65.00
HORSE-CHESTNUT DWARF (Æsculus			
parviflora)Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
A shrub-like Horse chestnut, bloom- 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	
ing in July. Very desirable for massing. 1 to 2 feet.	.50	4.50	
HORSE-CHESTNUT RED (Æ. Hippo-			
castanum hyb.)	2.50	22.50	
Medium size tree, with showy red 5 to 6 feet. blooms. 4 to 5 feet.	$\frac{1.50}{1.00}$	$12.50 \\ 9.00$	
blooms. 4 to 5 feet. HORSE-CHESTNUT WHITE (Æ. Hip-	1.00	9.00	
po.)Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	8.00		
A popular tree, well-known for its 8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	
beautiful foliage and showy flowers. 6 to 8 feet.	1.25	10.00	
HORSE-CHESTNUT WHITE DOUBLE			
(Æ. Hippo. var.). Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
Very desirable variety of preceding. 8 to 10 feet.	2.50	20.00	
ILEX, see Broad-Leaf Evergreens.	429		
JAPAN MAPLES, see Maples.			
JUDAS TREE AMERICAN (Cercis can-			
adensis)	.75	6.00	
Also known as Red-bud. Flowers 4 to 5 feet.	.50	4.00	• • • • •
rosy pink before leaves. 2 to 3 feet.	.35	3.00	• • • • •
JUDAS TREE AMERICAN WHITE (C.	2 00		
canadensis var.)	$\frac{3.00}{2.50}$	• • • • •	• • • • •
JUDAS TREE CHINESE (C. chinensis).	2.00	• • • • •	••••
Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
JUGLANS, see Walnut.	0.00		
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
LARCH EUROPEAN (Larix decidua).	enn oc		
Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to A beautiful tree, foliage turning a 8 to 10 feet.	1.50	\$12.00	
warm yellow in fall, very rapid grower, 6 to 8 feet.		9.00	\$70.00
hardy. 5 to 6 feet.	1.00	7.00	60.00
LARCH EUROPEAN WEEPING (L. decidua var.)Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00		
LARCH GOLDEN (Pseudolarix Kæmp-			
feri)	10.00		
Specimens, 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00	10.00	
Native of Japan. Rapid grower, 6 to 8 feet. hardy. A most beautiful larch. 4 to 6 feet.	$\frac{1.50}{1.00}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 12.00 \\ 7.50 \end{vmatrix}$	65.00
LARIX, see Larch.			
LINDÉN AMERICAN or BASSWOOD (Tilia americana). Specimens, 12 to 16 feet, \$2.00 to	8.00		
Shapely trees with large handsome 10 to 12 feet.	1.50		115.00
foliage. 8 to 10 feet. LINDEN CRIMEAN (T. euchlora).	1.25	9.00	480.00
Specimens, 10 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	18.00		
Shapely habit. One of the finest 8 to 10 feet.	1.75		140.00
trees for a lawn or street tree. 6 to 8 feet. LINDEN EUROPEAN BROAD-LEAF	1.25	10.00	90.00
or LIME (T. platyphyllos).			
Specimens, 10 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to		:: ::	100.00
Broad-leaved linden or lime. 10 to 12 feet. LINDEN EUROPEAN SILVER (T.	2.00	17.50	160.00
tomentosa)Specimens, 8 to 20 feet, \$2.50 to	20.00		
LINDEN EUROPEAN SILVER WEEP- ING (T. petiolaris). Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00		
Slightly drooping branches. 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{13.00}{2.50}$	22.50	
LINDEN EUROPEAN SMALL-LEAF			
or LIME (T. vulgaris). Specimens, 10 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00		
The common lime tree of Europe.	_0.00		
LIQUIDAMBAR, see Sweet-Gum. LIRIODENDRON, see Tulip-Tree.			
LOCUST, see Honey-Locust and Acacia.			
MAACKIA, see Yellow-wood.			
*MAGNOLIA ALBA SUPERBA (Hybrid). Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00		
*MAGNOLIA CONSPICÛA (M. denudata).			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	5.00	• • • • •	• • • • •
A rare magnolia of great beauty. MAGNOLIA CUCUMBER-TREE (Mag- 10 to 12 feet.)	2.50		
nolia acuminata) 8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	115.00
*MAGNOLIA HALL'S EARLY JAPAN (M. stellata)Specimens, 4 to 5 feet, \$5.00 to	15 00		
Sometimes known as the Star-Mag- 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{15.00}{3.00}$	25.00	
nolia. It is a shrub-like tree. 1 to 2 feet.	2.00	18.50	
MAGNOLIA HYPOLEUCA. Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$5.00 to	10.00		
Japan magnolia of large size.	10.00		• • • • •
*MAGNOLIA LENNEI (Hybrid).			
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00	22.00	
The latest of the class to bloom, very 3 to 4 feet. large flowers, deep rich rose red.	2.50	22.00	• • • • •
MAGNOLIA SALICIFOLIA.			
Specimens, 4 to 7 feet, \$2.50 to	5.00		• • • • •
*MAGNOLIA SOULANGEANA (Hybrid).	6.00		
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to This is the well-known and more 3 to 4 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 6.00 \\ 2.50 \end{bmatrix}$	22.00	
common pink magnolia. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	18.50	
CREATION AND A SUBJECT OF A CATALON	6 00		
MAGNOLIA SPECIOSA (Hybrid).	6.00	22.00	
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to Much lighter in color and larger 3 to 4 feet.	-2.50 I		
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to Much lighter in color and larger 3 to 4 feet. than Soulangeana. 2 to 3 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{bmatrix}$	18.50	• • • • •
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to Much lighter in color and larger 3 to 4 feet. than Soulangeana. 2 to 3 feet. MAGNOLIA SWEET-BAY (M. glauca).	2.00		••••
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to Much lighter in color and larger 3 to 4 feet. than Soulangeana. 2 to 3 feet.		18.50	





COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
*MAGNOLIA THURBER'S (M. Kobus).	24.7.00		
Specimens, 10 to 15 feet, \$4.00 to A beautiful and fragrant magnolia 8 to 10 feet.		\$25.00	\$
from Japan, a handsome tree. 6 to 8 feet. MAGNOLIA UMBRELLA-TREE (M.	2.00	18.00	160.00
tripetala) 8 to 10 feet.		17.50	
Very ornamental tree of spreading 6 to 8 feet. habit, large leaves and showy flowers.	1.50	12.00	110.00
MAGNOLIA WATSONII.	5.00		
Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to NOTE—Magnolias marked with * bloom	3.00	• • • • •	
before leaves appear. MAIDEN HAIR TREE or SALISBURIA			
(Ginkgo biloba) Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	17 50	
A wonderful tree with wedge-shaped 10 to 12 feet. leaves, foliage resembling the maiden 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{2.00}{1.50}$	$17.50 \\ 12.00$	110.00
hair fern. Splendid lawn and avenue 6 to 8 feet. tree. 5 to 6 feet.	1.00	8.00 6.00	70.00 50.00
MAPLE ASH-LEAF or BOX ELDER		0.00	00.00
(Acer Negundo)Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to Vigorous growing Maples, bark 10 to 12 feet.	$10.00 \\ 1.75$	15.00	
smooth and foliage a pleasing light green.	1.50	12.50	
Dwarf trees of interesting habit, 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	
brilliant fall foliage. 4 to 6 feet. MAPLE GINNALA (A. ginnala).	.75	6.50	50.00
Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	5.00	7.50	65.00
Shrub-like Maple from northern 4 to 5 feet. China and Japan. Dainty foliage. 3 to 4 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 1.00 \\ .75 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 7.50 \\ 6.00 \end{bmatrix}$	65.00
MAPLE NORWAY (A. platanoides). Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00		
The Norway Maple is one of the 12 to 14 feet.	2.00	18.00	150.00
most desirable shade trees. Thriving 10 to 12 feet. on almost any soil and withstanding 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{1.50}{1.25}$	$12.50 \\ 10.00$	90.00 80.00
extreme exposure. We have a splendid 6 to 8 feet. stock of this desirable maple.	.75	6.00	50.00
MAPLE NORWAY GLOBE-HEAD (A.			
plat. var.)Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to MAPLE NORWAY REITENBACH'S	10.00	•••••	• • • • •
PURPLE-LEAF (A. plat. var.).	20.00		
Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to A form of the Norway Maple with 12 to 15 feet.	$\frac{20.00}{4.00}$		
rich amber-red foliage. 10 to 12 feet. MAPLE NORWAY SCHWEDLER'S	3.00	25.00	
PURPLE-LEAF (A. plat. var.).			
Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$4.00 to The unfolding leaves are of an 10 to 12 feet.	$\frac{15.00}{3.00}$	25.00	
intense amber-red. 8 to 10 feet. MAPLE RED (A. rubrum).	2.00		160.00
Specimens, 12 to 25 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00		.:::::
Of medium growth, shapely in form. 10 to 12 feet. A valuable lawn and avenue tree. 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{2.00}{1.50}$	$15.00 \\ 12.50$	130.00 90.00
MAPLE SILVER (A. saccharinum).		12.00	00
Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to The most rapid-growing of all the 12 to 15 feet.	$15.00 \\ 1.50$	12.50	90.00
Maples and is a very much planted 10 to 12 feet. tree for avenues. 8 to 10 feet.	$\frac{1.25}{1.00}$	$9.00 \\ 7.50$	75.00 50.00
MAPLE SILVER FERN-LEAF (A. sac-		1.00	00.00
charinum var.) Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.50 to MAPLE SILVER WEIR'S CUT-LEAF	25.00	• • • • • •	••••
(A. saccharinum var.). Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00		
Form of the Silver Maple with 10 to 12 feet.	1.75		130.00
drooping branches and finely cut foliage. 8 to 10 feet. MAPLE STRIPED BARK or MOOSE-	1.25	10.00	80.00
WOOD (A. pennsylvanicum) 6 to 8 feet.	1.50	10.00	50.00
MAPLE SUGAR or HARD (A. saccharum).		0.00	30.00
Specimens, 15 to 25 feet, \$5.00 to A most popular Maple as a shade 12 to 15 feet.	$\frac{25.00}{2.00}$	17.50	150.00
and avenue tree. Of rapid and sym- 10 to 12 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
metrical growth, thriving on a variety 8 to 10 feet. 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	8.00	75.00 50.00
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
MAPLE TATARICUM (A. tataricum) 8 to 10 feet.	® 1 50	\$12.50	
Shrub-like tree, brilliant autumn 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	\$60.00
coloring, hardy and very desirable. 4 to 6 feet.		6.00	50.00
MAPLE JAPAN (Acer palmatum).			
Specimens, 5 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	15.00	10.00	90.00
A graceful shrubby grower, foliage 4 to 5 feet.		10.00	
beautifully tinted in spring and very 3 to 4 feet. brilliant in the fall. 2 to 3 feet.	.75 .50	$\begin{array}{c} 6.00 \\ 3.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 50.00 \\ 20.00 \end{bmatrix}$
MAPLE JAPAN GOLDEN BROAD-	.50	3.00	20.00
LEAF (A. japonicum).			
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
A variety with light yellow leaves. 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	25.00	
MARIE JARAN ORDERN CHELEAR	2.00	17.50	
MAPLE JAPAN GREEN CUT-LEAF WEEPINGSpecimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
MAPLE JAPAN GREEN NARROW-	10.00		
LEAFSpecimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
LEAFSpecimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to MAPLE JAPAN RED BROAD-LEAF			
Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
Broad handsome leaves of the most 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	25.00	• • • • •
intense blood-red when they unfold. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	
MAPLE JAPAN RED NARROW-LEAF. Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
MAPLE JAPAN RED WEEPING CUT-	10.00	• • • • •	
LEAFSpecimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
A variety with a spreading habit. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	
MORUS, see Mulberry.			
MOUNTAIN ASH EUROPEAN (Sorbus	1.00	10.00	
aucuparia)	$\begin{array}{c} 1.25 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	10.00 8.00	60.00
flowers, followed by red berries. 6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
4 to 6 feet.	.50	4.50	30.00
MULBERRY DOWNING (Morus rubra			
var.)	1.00	8.00	70.00
Rapid grower; large, black, edible 4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
fruits. MILLEPPRY TEA'S WEEDING (M			
MULBERRY TEA'S WEEPING (M. alba var.)Specimens, \$1.50 to	15.00		
Weeping form grafted on stems 2 year heads	1.00	9.00	80.00
5 to 7 feet high.			
NETTLE TREE (Celtis occidentalis).			
Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	8.00	20.00	
Foliage resembles the Elm some- 10 to 12 feet.	2.50		120 00
what. Thrives especially well at the 8 to 10 feet. seashore.	1.75	15.00	130.00
NYSSA, see Sour-gum.			
OAK ENGLISH (Quercus robur).			
Specimens, 10 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00		
OAK ENGLISH GOLDEN-LEAF (Q.			
robur var.)Specimens, 8 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
OAK ENGLISH PYRAMID FORM (Q. robur var.)Specimens, 8 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
OAK PIN (Q. palustris). Specimens, 8 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00	• • • • •	
The Pin Oak is by far the most 10 to 12 feet.	2.50	20.00	
planted of all the native oaks. Graceful 8 to 10 feet.	2.00		130.00
in form, glossy deeply-pinnated foliage. 6 to 8 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
OAK RED (Q. rubra) 6 to 8 feet.	1.50		100.00
Ideal for lawn or street. 5 to 6 feet.	1.00	8.00	75.00
OAK SCARLET (Q. coccinea). Specimens, 8 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to	15 00		
Leaves resemble the Pin Oak some- 6 to 8 feet.	$15.00 \\ 1.50$	12.50	100.00
what in form and coloring. 5 to 6 feet.	1.00	8.00	75.00
OAK WHITE AMERICAN (Q. alba).		0.00	
Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$3,00 to	15.00	}	
OAK WHITE WATER (Q. bicolor).	15 00	1	
Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to OXYDENDRON, see Andromeda.	15.00	• • • • •	• • • • •
PAGODA TREE (Sophora japonica) 8 to 10 feet.	2.50		
Medium-sized tree of graceful habit, 6 to 8 feet.	2.00	18.00	
bark a peculiar deep sea-green. 5 to 6 feet.	1.50	12.50	
PAGODA TREE WEEPING (S. japonica			
var.)Specimens grafted, 6 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to			
PAULOWNIA TOMENTOSUM 3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
PEACH DOUBLE CRIMSON (Prunus			
persica var.)	. \$.50	\$ 3.50	
PEPPERIDGE, see Sour Gum. PHELLODENDRON AMURENSE (Cork			
Tree)Specimens, 12 to 18 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00	12.15	\$
Chinese tree with spreading habit. 10 to 12 feet Foliage produces a very spicy odor. 8 to 10 feet		$\begin{vmatrix} 17.50 \\ 12.50 \end{vmatrix}$	$150.00 \\ 100.00$
PLANE, ÖRÎENTAL or LÖNDÖN (Plat-	18 4 ROM	12.00	``
anus acerfolia) Specimens, 12 to 25 feet, \$2.50 to A noble tree of very rapid growth. 10 to 12 feet	$\begin{array}{c c} 10.00 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	17.50	150.00
Very desirable for avenue planting. 8 to 10 feet		10.00	80.00
6 to 8 feet	75	6.00	50.00
PLATANUS, see Plane. PLUM BEACH (Prunus maritima) 3 to 4 feet	50	3.50	
Shrub-like growth, white flowers 2 to 3 feet		2.50	20.00
produced in early Spring. PLUM DOUBLE PINK FLOWERING			
(P. triloba var.)	35	3.00	20.00
PLUM MOSER'S DOUBLE WHITE PURPLE LEAF (P. cerasifera var.). 4 to 5 feet	1.00	9.00	
PLUM PISSARD'S PURPLE LEAF (P.			
cerasifera var.)		12.50	
Brilliant, amber-red foliage. 6 to 8 feet POPLAR CAROLINA (Populus deltoides	1.00	9.00	
var.)Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to		10.00	75.00
A much-used tree where quick 12 to 15 feet results are required; of very rapid 10 to 12 feet		10.00	75.00 50.00
growth under varying conditions; 8 to 10 feet	75	5.00	35.00
glossy, clean foliage. 6 to 8 feet POPLAR LOMBARDY (P. nigra var.	50	3.50	25.00
italica)Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.50 to	15.00		
A favorite tree where striking pyram- 10 to 12 feet		7.50	60.00
idal masses of foliage are required. 8 to 10 feet Used in creation of formal garden 6 to 8 feet		5.00 3.00	$35.00 \\ 25.00$
effects.			
POPLAR SIMON'S (P. Simonii). A distinct quick growing variety. 8 to 10 feet	1.25	10.00	
Shiny willow-like leaves. 6 to 8 feet		6.00	
POPLAR WHITE MAPLE-LEAF (P. alba var. nivea)Specimens, 12 to 20 feet, \$2.50 to	15.00		
Beautiful form of the white poplar, 10 to 12 feet	2.00	17.50	
leaves maple-shaped, dark green above 8 to 10 feet and velvety white beneath. 8 to 8 feet		$\begin{array}{c c} 12.00 \\ 7.50 \end{array}$	100.00 60.00
POPULUS, see Poplar.	1.00	7.50	00.00
PRUNUS, see Plum.			
PTELEA, see Hop-tree. PYRUS, see Crabapple.			
QUERCUS, see Oak.			
RED-BUD, see Judas Tree. ROBINIA, see Acacia.			
SALISBURIA, see Maiden-Hair Tree.			
SALIX, see Willow. SNOW-DROP TREE (Halesia carolina).			
Medium size tree bearing snow-drop 10 to 12 feet		12.00	,
like blossoms. Very desirable. 6 to 8 feet SOPHORA, see Pagoda Tree.	.75	6.00	50.00
SORBUS, see Mountain Ash.			
SORREL TREE, see Andromeda. SOUR-GUM or TUPELO (Nyssa sylvatica) 2 to 3 feet	1.50	12.50	
Also known as Pepperidge. 1 to 2 feet		9.00	80.00
SWEET GUM (Liquidambar Styraciflua).	10.00		
Specimens, 12 to 14 feet, \$8.00 to 1 to 2 feet		3.00	25.00
SYCAMORE, see Plane.			
TAXODIUM, see Cypress. THORN COCKSPUR (Cratægus Crus-galli).			
Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to			
Picturesque habit, foliage glossy. 2 to 3 feet. THORN ENGLISH DOUBLE CRIMSON	.50	3.50	25.00
or PAUL'S (C. Oxycantha var.).	40.5		
Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to Also known as Paul's crimson double 5 to 6 feet.		12.00	• • • • •
hawthorn. 4 to 5 feet.		9.00	80.00



THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
THORN ENGLISH DOUBLE WHITE			-
(C. Oxycantha var.). Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	\$12.00		
An interesting form of Hawthorn 5 to 6 feet		\$12.00	
with white flowers. 4 to 5 feet	1.00	9.00	\$80.00
TILIA, see Linden. TREE OF HEAVEN, see Ailanthus.	ĺ		
TULIP-TREE or WHITE-WOOD (Lirio-			
dendron Tulipifera). Specimens, 12 to 15 feet, \$3.50 to	10.00		
Majestic native tree belonging to 10 to 12 feet.	2.50	20.00	100.00
the magnolia family. 8 to 10 feet.	1.75	15.00	130.00
TULIP-TREE VARIEGATED-LEAF (L. Tulipifera var.)Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	15.00		
TUPELO, see Sour-Gum.	20.00		
JLMUS, see Elm.			
VIRGILÍA LUTEA, see Yellow-wood.	1 00		
WALNUT BLACK (Juglans nigra) 5 to 6 feet. Vigorous tree. Nuts fine quality. 4 to 5 feet.		5.00	
3 to 4 feet.		3.50	
WALNUT ENGLISH (J. regia). A very 3 to 4 feet.		12.50	
hardy type. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	8.00	
WALNUT SIEBOLD'S (J. Sieboldiana). Specimens, 10 to 14 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
Vigorous tree from Japan similar to 8 to 10 feet.	1.00	7.50	
our native black walnut in habit of 6 to 8 feet.		5.00	40.00
growth. Nuts fine quality. 4 to 6 feet.	. 50	3.50	25.00
WILLOW GOLDEN-BARK (Salix vitel-	1 00	0.00	
lina var.)	$\frac{1.00}{.75}$	$\frac{8.00}{6.00}$	50.00
reaches a large size; the twigs are 6 to 8 feet.		4.00	35,00
bright golden. 4 to 5 feet.	.35	3.00	20.00
WILLOW GOLDEN-BARK WEEPING	15 00		
(S. vitelina var.) . Specimens, 10 to 20 feet, \$2.00 to A most beautiful weeping golden- 8 to 10 feet.	$\begin{array}{c} 15.00 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$	12.50	100.00
bark willow. 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
WILLOW JAPANESE (S. Sieboldiana).			
Specimens, 10 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
A very graceful, slender-branched, 8 to 10 feet.	1.50	12.50	60.00
shrub-like willow, with sage-green foliage and small "pussies." 6 to 8 feet.	1.00 $.50$	$\begin{array}{c c} 7.50 \\ 3.50 \end{array}$	$60.00 \\ 25.00$
VILLOW LAUREL-LEAF (S. pentandra). 8 to 10 feet.	1.00	8.00	70.00
Upright in habit with glossy foliage. 6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
VILLOW PUSSY EURÖPEÄN (S.		4 00	20.00
Caprea)	.50	4.00	30.00
Red bark in the winter. 4 to 6 feet.	.35	3.00	20.00
VILLOW SILVER-LEAF (S. alba var.). 8 to 10 feet.	1.00	9.00	80.00
A dwarf willow with silvery foliage. 6 to 8 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
VILLOW THURLOW'S WEEPING (S. elegantissima)Specimens. 15 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
A very beautiful willow, similar to 10 to 12 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 10.00 \\ 1.50 \end{bmatrix}$	10.00	90.00
Babylonica but somewhat more erect. 8 to 10 feet.	1.25	9.00	80.00
VILLOW WEEPING (S. babylonica). 10 to 12 feet.	1.50		100.00
The well-known weeping willow. 8 to 10 feet.	1.00	8.00	70.00
virginiana)Specimens, 6 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	15 00		
Our native Witch Hazel is a charm- 5 to 6 feet.	15.00 1.50	12.50	100.00
ing, shrub-like tree. Everyone is famil- 4 to 5 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
iar with its charm in the late Fall. 3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00
VITCH HAZEL JAPANESE (H. japonica).	0.00	15 00	
Beautiful species, blooms in Spring, 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2.00 \\ 1.25 \end{bmatrix}$	15.00 10.00	90.00
ELLOW-WOOD AMERICAN (Cladrastis	1.20	10.00	30.00
lutea)Specimens, 15 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00		
A very desirable tree of medium 10 to 12 feet.	2.00		160.00
growth. The trees are festooned with 8 to 10 feet. white blooms resembling wisteria. 6 to 8 feet.	1.50		100.00
White blooms resembling wisteria. 6 to 8 feet.	1.00	9.00	75.00
amurensis)Specimens, 8 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
ZANTHOXYLUM, see Ash, Prickly.			

May 14, 1917.

[&]quot;Trees arrived Saturday afternoon in good condition."

Harry K. Eckert, Niagara Falls, N. Y.



EVERGREENS



VERGREENS are a specialty with us and our collection includes many rare and beautiful varieties as well as a large stock of the more common sorts. We are fortunate in having soil conditions very favorable for their development, both of top and root. We transplant and root-prune all our evergreens frequently, which practically insures their successful transplanting, even the larger specimens.

COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
ABIES, see Fir.			
ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN (Thuja oc-			
cidentalis)Specimens, 5 to 20 feet, \$5.00 to Also known as White Cedar. All 6 to 7 feet.	3.00	\$25.00	• • • • •
things considered this native evergreen 5 to 6 feet.		17.50	\$
and its numerous varieties is among 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
our most useful of evergreens. 3 to 4 feet.		8.00	65.00
Hedge grades, see page 4. 2 to 3 feet. ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN VAR. GEO.	.75	6.00	45.00
PEABODYSpecimens, 4 to 7 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
One of the best golden forms. 3 to 4 feet.	1.50	12.50	100.00
2 to 3 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN VAR. GLOBE.	10.00		
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to	$10.00 \\ 1.50$	12.50	100.00
Develops into globe-like head, 18 to 24 inches. quite dwarf, seldom getting to be 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.50	60.00
more than three feet high. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	3.50	25.00
ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN VAR. HOVEY'S. Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to	F 00		
Globular in form; foliage light green. 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{5.00}{1.50}$	12.50	100.00
Globular in form; foliage light green. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	7.50	
ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN VAR. PYRAM-			
IDALSpecimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	20.00	12.50	100.00
Pyramidal form, rich dark green 3 to 4 feet. foliage. Very useful where a formal 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{1.50}{1.00}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	60.00
column of deep green is required. 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00
ARBORVITÆ AMÉRICAN VAR. ROS-			
ENTHALI	2.00	18.00	• • • • •
Very compact type. 2 to 3 feet. ARBORVITÆ AMERICAN VAR. SIBER-	1.50	12.50	• • • • •
IAN	15.00		
Compact and dense of foliage, the 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	17.50	
color remains quite a rich green 2 to 3 feet.	1.50		110.00
throughout the year. One of the best. 1 to 2 feet. ARBORVITÆ ORIENTAL (Thuja orien-	.75	6.00	50.00
talis)Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
Brilliant evergreen with close as-			
scending fan-shaped branches.			
ARBORVITÆ ORIENTAL VAR. COM- PACTA (T. orientalis var.) 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	
A charming form of American origin. 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
ARBORVITÆ ORIENTAL VAR. ELE-			
GANTISSIMASpecimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to Pyramidal, tips brilliant yellow. ARBORVITÆ STANDISH'S (Thuja	10.00	• • • • • •	• • • • •
ARRORVITÆ STANDISH'S (Thuis			
Standishii)Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$5.00 to	10.00		
Makes a very graceful medium-sized 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	25.00	
tree. Hardy and desirable. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	2.00	17.50	60.00
BIOTA, see Arborvitæ Oriental.	1.00	7.50	60.00
CEDAR (Red), see Juniper.		1	
CHAMÆCYPARIS, see Retinispora. CYPRESS JAPAN, see Retinispora.		-	
CYPKESS JAPAN, see Retinispora.			
FIR JAPAN (Abies brachyphylla or homolepsis)	3.50	20.00	
The hardiest and best conifer that 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	18.00	
Japan has contributed.			
FIR MT. ENOS (Abies cephalonica). Specimens, 2 to 8 feet, \$1.50 to	10.00		
	10.00		••••
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
FIR NORDMAN'S (Abies Nordmanniana).			
Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$8,00 to	\$25.00		
Lustrous, deep green foliage and 24 to 30 inches.	2.50	$$20.00 \\ 12.50$	\$ 110.00
FIR MANCHURIAN BALSAM (Abies		12.50	110.00
Veitchii) Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00	10.50	
Rich, green foliage, fragrant. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.		$\begin{array}{c c} 12.50 \\ 9.00 \end{array}$	
FIR WHITE (Abies concolor).			
Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to A heautiful fir of rapid growth and 3 to 4 feet.	$\begin{vmatrix} 25.00 \\ 4.00 \end{vmatrix}$	35.00	
withstands exposure to heat and 2 to 3 feet.	3.00	27.50	
drought better than any other ever- 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	$17.50 \\ 12.50$	160.00
green we have. 12 to 18 inches. HEMLOCK AMERICAN (Tsuga cana-	1.50	12.30	100.00
densis)Specimens, 4 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to	35.00		
For general lawn and landscape 3 to 4 feet. planting, hemlock lends itself in 2 to 3 feet.		$\begin{vmatrix} 22.50 \\ 12.50 \end{vmatrix}$	
more ways than perhaps any other 18 to 24 inches.	1.00	9.00	80.00
evergreen. Hedge grade, see page 4. 12 to 18 inches. HEMLOCK AMERICAN WEEPING.	.75	6.00	50.00
Specimens, 3 to 18 feet, \$5.00 to	150.00	1	1
Most unique, branches drooping. 2 to 3 feet.	5.00	45.00	
HEMLOCK CAROLINA (T. caro-	3.00	25.00	
liniana)Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3.50 to	15.00		
Graceful species, perfectly hardy 15 to 18 inches.	1.00	9.00	80.00
and quite different from Canadensis. HEMLOCK JAPAN (T. diversifolia).			
Oriental hemlock, very attractive 18 to 24 inches.		22.50	
habit. 12 to 18 inches. HEMLOCK SIEBOLD'S (T. Sie-	2.00	17.50	150.00
boldii) Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$5.00 to	15.00		
Japanese hemlock with slender 2 to 3 feet.		27.50	
branches, very rare. 18 to 24 inches. JUNIPER CANADIAN or COMMON	2.00	17.50	
(Juniperus communis). Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
Our stock is grown from the form 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.		9.00	80.00
JUNIPER DOUGLAS' GOLDEN (J. communis var.)Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to		1.00	00.00
communis var.)Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	19.50	100.00
Very fine golden form. 12 to 18 inches. JUNIPER CHINESE (J. chinensis).	1.50	12.50	100.00
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
Foliage light green; especially rich in the winter.			
JUNIPER CHINESE GOLDEN (J.			
chinensis var.)Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to		6 00	50.00
A charming form with rich golden 12 to 15 inches. 8 to 12 inches.		6.00	35.00
JUNIPER IRISH (J. communis var.)	1	_,_,	
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to Pyramidal in form and of a strik- 2 to 3 feet.		9.00	80.00
ing silvery gray foliage 18 to 24 inches.		6.00	50.00
JUNIPER PFITZER'S (J. chinensis var.)Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$6.00 to	10.00		
Beautiful, graceful habit. 2 to 3 feet.		17.50	
JUNIPER RED CEDAR (J. virginiana).			
Nursery grown specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to Our native red cedar. Carefully 4 to 5 feet.		22.00	
collected native stock from two. to 3 to 4 feet.		12.50	100.00
twenty feet, inquire for special prices. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00	9.00	80.00
JUNIPER RED CEDAR, BLUE TYPE (J. virginiana var.). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to	15.00		
A silvery form of the preceding. 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	27.50	
JUNIPER SQUAMATA (J. squamata).	2.00	17.50	•••••
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to			
A charming dwarf form, with 18 to 24 inches. beautiful silvery gray foliage, suit- 12 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.00 9.00	100.00
able for rock gardening. 8 to 12 inches.		4.00	35.00
JUNIPER STRICTA (J. excelsa var.).		17 50	
Compact habit. Foliage bluish 2 to 3 ft. green. Very hardy. 18 to 24 inches.		$\begin{vmatrix} 17.50 \\ 12.50 \end{vmatrix}$,
0 10 00 21 monos			



EVERGREENS



	1	1	1
COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
PICEA, see Spruce.			
PINE AUSTRIAN (Pinus nigra var.			-
austrica) Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	3.00	\$27.50	\$
Well-known and much planted. 3 to 4 feet. Very rapid growth of pleasing color. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	150.00
Does very well at the seashore.			
PINE BHOTAN (P. excelsa). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to	20.00		
Graceful rapid growing pine, 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	25.00	*****
resembling the white pine. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	
PINE BULL (P. Ponderosa). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to	25.00		
PINE JACK (P. Banksiana) 4 to 5 feet.	1.50	12.50	
A picture sque native pine. 3 to 4 feet.	1.00	9.00	75.00
Thriving on driest soils. 2 to 3 feet. PINE KOREAN (P. koraiensis).	.75	6.00	50.00
Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
A slow growing pine with hand- 18 to 24 inches.		22.50	
some foliage. 12 to 18 inches.		17.50	
PINE LIMBER (P. flexilis)		20.00 17.50	150.00
A charming, spreading pine. PINE MUGHO (P. montana var.).	2.00	17.50	130.00
Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to		:::::	
One of the best dwarf pines, 18 to 24 inchest thrives well in almost any dry soil. 12 to 18 inches.	$egin{array}{c} 2.00 \ 1.50 \ \end{array}$	$17.50 \\ 12.50$	$150.00 \\ 100.00$
ů ů			
PINE PITCH (P. rigida), Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to Effective native pine; does well 4 to 5 feet.	$\frac{10.00}{3.00}$	27.50	
by the sea-side. 3 to 4 feet.	2.00	17.50	
DINE DED LABANECE (D. don-idam)	1.25	10.00	90.00
PINE RED JAPANESE (P. densiflora). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to	10.00		
A strikingly beautiful pine of re- 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	27.50	
fined habit. 2 to 3 feet.	2.00	17.50	150.00
PINE RED VAR. GOLDEN (P. densi- flora var.)Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
PINE RED VAR. TANYOSHO (P.			
densifiora var.)Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$5.00 to PINE SCOTCH (P. sylvestris).	15.00		• • • • •
Specimens, 6 to 15 feet, \$4.00 to	25.00		
Very hardy and ornamental. 4 to 5 feet. Wind breaks of this pine, are very 3 to 4 feet.	3.00	27.50	177 00
wind breaks of this pine, are very 3 to 4 feet. satisfactory. 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{2.25}{1.75}$		$175.00 \\ 125.00$
PINE STONE (P. Cembra).		10.00	120.00
Specimens, 4 to 7 feet, \$5.00 to		35.00	• • • • •
Very ornamental, symmetrical 3 to 4 feet. habit while young. It is of very 2 to 3 feet.	$\frac{4.00}{2.50}$	$\frac{35.00}{22.50}$	
slow growth. 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	
PINE UMBRELLA (Sciadopitys verti-	100 00		
cillata)Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to This rare and perfectly hardy 30 to 36 inches.	5.00	45.00	
This rare and perfectly hardy 30 to 36 inches. evergreen from Japan is now becom- 24 to 30 inches.	4.00	37.50	
ing better known in this country. 18 to 24 inches. Very attractive by its unique beauty. 15 to 18 inches.	$\frac{3.00}{2.00}$	$27.50 \\ 17.50$	• • • • •
PINE WHITE (P. Strobus).	2.00	17.30	••••
Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$5.00 to	50.00	10.50	100.00
The grandest of our native ever- greens and esteemed for its great 2 to 3 feet.	$\substack{1.50\\1.00}$	$\frac{12.50}{9.00}$	100.00 80.00
beauty. Graceful and effective. 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
Hedge grades, see page 4.			
PINUS, see Pine. PSEUDOTSUGA, see Spruce, Douglas.			
RETINISPORA (Japan Cypress).			
The following are evergreens of moderate growth and			
some of them so dwarf in their nature as to never grow			
more than 2 or 3 feet tall. All are perfectly hardy, and for grouping, where a mass of low evergreen foliage			
is desired, they are not excelled.			
RETINISPORA OBTUSA (Chamæcy-			
paris obtusa)Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	20.00	10.50	
A very beautiful species, of refined 2 to 3 feet. appearance, medium size, remaining 1 to 2 feet.	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 1.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	60.00
green through the winter. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.00	35.00
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EVERGREENS



COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
RETINISPORA OBTUSA AUREA (C.			
obtusa var.)Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to	\$10.00		
Similar to the above in habit, foli- 1 to 2 feet.	1.00	\$ 8.00	
of a rich yellow.			
RETINISPORA OBTUSA NANA (C. obtusa var.)Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to	50.00		
The gem of the lot; compact form 18 to 24 inches.		20.00	\$
and deep green foliage. This is the 12 to 18 inches.		17.50	150.00
form the Japanese use in creating 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	8.00	75.00
their famous dwarfs (chabo-hiba). RETINISPORA OBTUSA NANA AUREA			
(C. obtusa var.)	2.00	17.50	
Like the preceding except that 15 to 18 inches.	1.50	12.50	:::::
the foliage is light green tipped with 12 to 15 inches. golden. 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
golden. 8 to 12 inches. RETINISPORA PISIFERA (C. pisifera).	.75	6.00	40.00
Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.50 to	10.00		
The pea-fruited species of the 30 to 36 inches.	2.00	18.00	160.00
Japan Cypress. Very hardy and 24 to 30 inches.	1.25	9.00	80.00
graceful, medium size tree. 18 to 24 inches. RETINISPORA PISIFERA AUREA	.75	6.00	50.00
(C. pisifera var.) Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to	12.00		
Foliage light green tipped with 2 to 3 feet.	1.75	15.00	130.00
golden yellow. 8 to 12 inches. RETINISPORA PISIFERA NANA	.50	4.00	35.00
(C. pisifera var.). Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 to	3.00		
A very dwarf form. 8 to 12 inches.	1.00	8.00	
RETINISPORA FILIFERA (C. pisi-			
fera var.)Specimens, 4 to 15 feet, \$5.00 to	50.00	::-::	
Interesting form with thread-like 3 to 4 feet. branchlets. One of the best, de- 2 to 3 feet.	3.00 1.50	$27.50 \ 12.00$	100.00
veloping into a beautiful plant. 1 to 2 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
RETINISPORA FILIFERA AUREA		0.00	
(C. pisifera var.)	4.00		
A rare and beautiful golden form 2 to 3 feet. of preceding. 18 to 24 inches.	3.00	25.00	160 00
of preceding. RETINISPORA PLUMOSA (C. pisifera 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	18.00	160.00
var.)Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to	50.00		
var.)Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to Dwarf green form; very bushy 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.00	
and, if trimmed, can be made al- 12 to 18 inches.	.75	5.00	40.00
most any form. 8 to 12 inches. RETINISPORA PLUMOSA AUREA	.50	3.50	25.00
(C. pisifera var.)Specimens, 2 to 15 feet, \$2.50 to	50.00		
Similar to the preceding form, but 18 to 24 inches.	1.50		115.00
with a rich, warm, golden foliage. 12 to 18 inches.	1.00	7.00	60.00
RETINISPORA PLUMOSA ARGEN-	.75	5.00	40.00
TEA (C. pisifera var.).			
Specimens, 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to	10.00		.:::::
Like preceding, but more com- 12 to 15 inches. pact. New growth silver-tipped. 8 to 12 inches.	1.50		115.00
pact. New growth silver-tipped. 8 to 12 inches. RETINISPORA SQUARROSA VEIT-	1.00	6.00 3.50	$\frac{40.00}{25.00}$
CHII (C. pisifera var.).	.50	3.30	20.00
Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
Charming form, with compact, 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	40.00
feathery growth of bluish-green. 15 to 18 inches. SCIADOPITYS, see Pine, Umbrella.	.75	6.00	40.00
SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (Picea			
pungens)Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to	30.00	I	
A popular evergreen. The de- 2 to 3 feet	2.50	22.50	
mand is especially for the blue 18 to 24 inches.	2.00	17.50	:::::
specimens. 15 to 18 inches.	1.00	8.00	60.00
SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (KOS- TER'S) (P. pungens Kosteri).			
Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$10.00 to	50.00		
A variety with bright blue color. 3 to 4 feet.	6.00	55.00	
Unquestionably the most popular of 30 to 36 inches.	5.00	45.00	
the Spruces for garden or lawn. 24 to 30 inches. Our stock is of the bluest strain. 18 to 24 inches.	3.50	30.00	• • • • •
SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE WEEP-	2.50	22.50	
ING (P. pungens pendula).	1		
Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$5.00 to	20.00		
Beautiful form. 2 to 3 feet.	3.00	27.50	
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SPRUCE DOUGLAS' (Pseudotsuga taxifolia)Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$4.00 to A graceful evergreen partaking 3 to 4 feet. of the character of our hemlock. 2 to 3 feet. 1.50 SPRUCE DOUGLAS' BLUE FORM (P. taxifolia var.)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE ENGELMAN'S (Picea Engelmanii)Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 2 to 5 feet. 2.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. CONELIKE (P. excelsa var.) Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GREGORY'S (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 1 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAM-IDAL (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAM-IDAL (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING	9.00 22.50 17.50 10.00 6.00 4.00	\$ 130.00 80.00 150.00 80.00 50.00 30.00
taxifolia)Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$4.00 to A graceful evergreen partaking of the character of our hemlock. SPRUCE DOUGLAS' BLUE FORM (P. taxifolia var.)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE ENGELMAN'S (Picea Engelmanii)Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to Of very rapid growth. Makes a fine specimen and is valuable for wind-breaks. Makes a compact hedge, especially where one more than ten 2 to 3 feet. feet high is desired. Hedge grades, 1 to 2 feet. see page 4. SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. CONE-LIKE (P. excelsa var.) Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GREG-ORY'S (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 1 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAM-IDAL (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 20.00	9.00 22.50 17.50 10.00 6.00 4.00	130.00 80.00 150.00 80.00 50.00
of the character of our hemlock. SPRUCE DOUGLAS' BLUE FORM (P. taxifolia var.)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE ENGELMAN'S (Picea Engelmanii)Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to Specimen and is valuable for wind-4 to 5 feet. \$2.50 breaks. Makes a compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet. \$2.50 breaks. Makes a compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet. \$2.50 feet high is desired. Hedge grades, 1 to 2 feet. \$2.50 feet high is desired. Hedge grades, 1 to 2 feet. \$2.50 see page 4. SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. CONELIKE (P. excelsa var.) Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GREGORY'S (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 1 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAM-IDAL (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING 4 feet, \$2.50 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING 4 fe	9.00 22.50 17.50 10.00 6.00 4.00	\$0.00 150.00 80.00 50.00
SPRUCE DOUGLAS' BLUE FORM (P. taxifolia var.)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE ENGELMAN'S (Picea Engelmanii)Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY (P. excelsa). Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to 50.00 of very rapid growth. Makes a fine 5 to 6 feet. 2.00 breaks. Makes a compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet. 2.00 breaks. Makes a compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet. 2.00 breaks. Makes a compact hedge, 3 to 4 feet. 2.00 especially where one more than ten 2 to 3 feet. 3.00 to feet high is desired. Hedge grades, 1 to 2 feet. 5.00 see page 4. SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. CONELIKE (P. excelsa var.) Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GREGORY'S (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 1 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAM-IDAL (P. excelsa var.). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (P. excelsa var.)Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$6.00 to Pendulous variety, foliage rather 3 to 4 feet. 3.00 to 10.00 feet. 3 f	22.50 17.50 10.00 6.00 4.00	150.00 80.00 50.00
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larger than that of the species. 2 to 3 feet. 2.00		
SPRUCE ORIENTAL (P. orientalis).	11.00	
Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to 15.00		1
A genuine gem among evergreens. 18 to 24 inches. 1.50		
SPRUCE WHITE (P. canadensis).		
Specimens, 4 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to 50.00		100.00
Native spruce resembles the Nor- 3 to 4 feet. 1.50 way Spruce excepting that it is more 2 to 3 feet 1.00		100.00
way Spruce excepting that it is more 2 to 3 feet 1.00 compact and a slower grower. 1 to 2 feet 5.50	1	35.00
SPRUCE WHITE VAR. GOLDEN.		
(P. Canadensis Var.)		
TAXUS, see Yew. Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to 30.00	• • • • • •	
THUJA, see Arborvitæ.		
TSUGA, see Hemlock.	1	
YEW AMERICAN (Taxus candensis).		
A native evergreen, hardy, pre- 12 to 18 inches. 1.00	7.50	l
fers shady situation. 8 to 12 inches75		
YEW ENGLISH AND IRISH3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to 15.00		
YEW JAPAN (Taxus cuspidata)	17.70	
The hardy yew for this climate. 24 to 30 inches. Splendid for massing and hedging. 18 to 24 inches. 1.50		100.00
We have a splendid stock. 12 to 18 inches. 1.00		85.00
YEW JAPAN CAPITATA (T. cuspi-		
data var.)		
A rare upright form of the hardy 18 to 24 inches. 2.00		165.00
Japan Yew. 12 to 18 inches. 1.50	13.50	120.00
YEW JAPAN DWARF (T. cuspidata var. nana or brevifolia).		
Specimens, 18 to 36 inches, \$5.00 to 20.00)	1
A rare and beautiful low-growing 15 to 18 inches. 2.50		
evergreen. It is hardy and remains 12 to 15 inches. 2.00		
a deep green through the winter. 8 to 12 inches. 1.50	9.50	
YEW JAPAN DWARF YELLOW (T. cuspidata var.)		
A rare form of the above. 12 to 15 inches. 2.00		
YEW REPANDENS (T. baccata var.)		
Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00		
Spreading habit. Rare, quite 15 to 18 inches. 2.00		
hardy. 12 to 15 inches. 1.50	12.50	



BROAD LEAF EVERGREENS



THE great beauty of the broad leaf evergreens makes them most valuable for gardening purposes. Many are among our most spectacular and gorgeous flowering shrubs, while their broad, attractive leaves show out most effectively during the parts of the year when many trees and plants are without foliage. There is practically no end to the charming results that can be gained by the liberal use of this class of plants. Groupings generally give most attractive effects and the plants themselves do much better when planted this way.

COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
ANDROMEDA FLORIBUNDA (Pieris) 18 to 24 inches.		¢12 50	\$
This is a charming low-growing 15 to 18 inches. Evergreen. 12 to 15 inches.		$$12.50 \\ 7.50$	60.00
ANDROMEDA JAPONICA (Pieris). Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to	6.00		
Species from Japan similar to preceding. The foliage, however, is in 15 to 18 inches.	2.00	$15.00 \\ 12.50$	100.00
whorls and is of clear bright green. 12 to 15 inches.	$1.50 \\ 1.00$	7.50	60.00
AZALEA AMŒNA (A. obtusum). Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to	10.00		
Small glossy evergreen leaves. 15 to 18 inches. Flowers of rich wine color. 12 to 15 inches.		12.50 9.00	60.00
AZALEA LEDIFOLIUM ALBUM.			
Pure white flowers. 24 to 30 inches. BARBERRY HOLLY-LEAF (Berberris		22.50	• • • •
Nubertii var.)Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to BAY TREES. Inquire for list of avail-	5.00		
_able sizes and prices.			
BOX BORDER (Buxus sempervirens var.) 4 to 6 inches, per 1,000, \$75.00		1.00	8.00
Very popular bor- 3 to 4 inches, per 1,000, 50.00 der plant 2 to 3 inches, per 1,000, 35.00		.75	$\frac{6.00}{4.00}$
BOX, Trained Specimens. Inquire for list of available sizes and prices.			
COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS. 2 to 3 feet.	1.50	12.50	
Glossy foliage almost evergreen, 12 to 15 inches. and bright red holly-like fruits. 8 to 12 inches.	.75 .50	$\frac{6.50}{4.50}$	35.00
DAPHNE CNEORUM Very bushy plants Terminal clusters of clear pink Bushy plants.	$\frac{1.50}{.75}$	5.00	
flowers. Smaller plants. EVONYMUS RADICANS.	.50	4.00	35.00
Specimens, 18 to 36 inches, \$2.00 to	5.00		:::11
Trailing evergreen, also known as 12 to 15 inches. Evergreen Bittersweet. 8 to 12 inches.	.35	$\frac{3.00}{2.00}$	$25.00 \\ 15.00$
EVONYMUS RADICANS VARIEGATED. Similar to the preceding with the 12 to 15 inches.	. 35	3.00	25.00
exception of the foliage. 8 to 12 inches.	.25	2.00	15.00
Erect form, with round foliage. 8 to 12 inches	.50	4.00 3.00	20.00
HOLLY AMERICAN (Ilex opaca) 12 to 18 inches. HOLLY ENGLISH (I. Aquifolium).	1.00		
Specimens, in tubs, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to HOLLY JAPAN (I. crenata).	15.00		
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$3.00 to LAUREL MOUNTAIN (Kalmia latifolia).	5.00		
One of our most beautiful native 24 to 30 inches.	2.00	15.00	
evergreen shrubs. Blooms of the 20 to 24 inches. clearest rich pink to white. 15 to 20 inches.	1.50	12.50	100.00 80.00
LEUCOTHŒ CATESBÆI (Andromeda). 1 to 2 feet. Low-growing evergreen. 8 to 12 inches.	.50	4.50	40.00
MAHONIA AQUIFOLIUM.	.35	3.00	25.00
Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$0.75 to Holly-like leaves, yellow flowers 18 to 24 inches.	3.00	3.50	25.00
in May. Handsome evergreen. 12 to 18 inches. MAHONIA JAPONICA 2 to 3 feet.	.35 1.50	3.00 12.50	20.00
2 00 0 1000	1.00		



Broad Leaf Evergreens

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES. INC.



Rhododendrons

Instructions for Planting

BAUTIFUL and popular Evergreen Shrubs of easiest culture provided a little special care is taken in preparing the ground before planting and especially if a location is selected which is not exposed to the severest winter winds or the all-the-day sunshine. Rhododendrons are lovers of moderate climatic conditions. Such a location can usually be selected. If such a one does not obtain it is perfectly practical to create it by plantings of tall growing evergreens, shrubs, etc. Rhododendrons produce the best effects when planted in groups and generous masses, either of a single color or a mixture of contrasting colors. The location where these are to be planted should first of all be well drained and if not so naturally, drainage must be arranged, as Rhododendrons will not otherwise thrive.

The root system of a Rhododendron is largely made up of fine hair-like roots closely centered about the root trunk and near the surface.

They will not thrive if located where the soil becomes very dry for any considerable period. Following the conditions which prevail in nature where Rhododendrons thrive most happily, we find them at their best where the soil is mostly loose loam with a surfacing of leaf mould, conditions which permit of the soil remaining moist but never becoming very wet nor very dry. Create soil conditions similar to nature's way and one will succeed bountifully.

Dig out the soil over the entire area where the planting is to be made to a depth of at least 15 inches (2 feet is better). EAUTIFUL and popular Evergreen Shrubs of easiest culture provided a little

depth of at least 15 inches (2 feet is better).

Remove of this soil all which does not prove to be good garden loam. Replace the good soil and enough other good garden loam to amply fill in the space. The addition of five per cent. well composted manure is beneficial. Be sure to avoid lime in any form as it is fatal to the roots of both Rhododendrons and Azaleas.

RHODODENDRONS (Choice Garden Hybrids.)

These are the beautiful varieties usually used in the gardens and parks and which produce such a profusion of gorgeous blooms in such a variety of rich colors. The varieties we offer have all proved hardy at the Arnold Arboretum, Boston, and can be depended upon to give very satisfactory results.

HYBRID VARIETIES

Album Elegans. Tall, white. Album Grandiflorum. Shell pink to white.

Atrosanguineum. Intense red. Catawbiense Album. Vigorous. Blush to white.

Charles Dickens. Dark scarlet.

Cunninghami. Dwarf, early white. Delicatissimum. White, flesh tir White, flesh tint in bud.

Everstianum. Dwarf. Rosy-pink.
H. H. Hunnewell. Dark rich crimson.
Lady Armstrong. Pale rose.
Mrs. C. S. Sargent. Pink.

HYBRID RHODODENDRON PRICES

Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to \$50.00.

30 to 36 inches, \$4.00 each, \$35.00 per 10, \$200.00 per 100.

24 to 30 inches, \$3.00 each, \$25.00 per 10, \$150.00 per 100.

18 to 24 inches, \$2.00 each, \$18.00 per 10, \$100.00 per 100.

12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 each, \$12.50 per 10, \$95.00 per 100.

RHODODENDRON CAROLINIANUM.

Bushy specimens, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet, \$2.00 to \$3.50 each.

RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE.

Specimens, 4 to 5 feet, \$4.00 to \$8.00 each.

RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM (Rose-Bay).

This native broad-leaf strictly hardy evergreen affords splendid opportunity for no end of charming effects. In public parks and private estates they can be used by the thousands, and even within the more restricted area of the usual city lot many chances for their liberal use arise. This beautiful Rhododendron is perfectly hardy and thrives luxuriantly even in the shady corner and under trees.

Selected specimens, 5 to 7 feet....\$5.00 to \$25.00, according to individual merit.

Per 10. Per 10. Per 100. Each. Each. 4 to 5 feet . . . \$4.50 \$43.00 \$400.00 2 to 3 feet... \$2.00 \$18.00 \$150.00 3 to 4 feet . . . 3.00 28.00 250.001 to 2 feet... 1.50 12.00 100.00

SHIPPED DIRECT FROM THE MOUNTAINS.

Only in car lots of 100 or more, in assorted sizes if preferred. 100 to 400 to a car. Assorted sizes from 2 to 6 feet, just right for effective massing at \$95.00 per 100.





COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
ACANTHOPANAX PENTAPHYLLUM.			
Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	\$ 4.00		207 00
Very graceful shrub, dark shining 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.		\$ 5.00 3.50	\$35.00 25.00
ALDER, see Black Alder.		0.50	20.00
ALMOND PINK FLOWERING (Pru-			
nus glandulosa var.)	.50	4.00	30.00
glandulosa var.)	.50	4.00	30.00
glandulosa var.)			30.00
(Hibiscus syriacus). Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to			07.00
This is a popular garden shrub. 3 to 4 feet. Flowers double unless otherwise noted. 2 to 3 feet.		$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$	$25.00 \\ 20.00$
Varieties.		2.00	20.00
COELESTIS. Single, pleasing shade of blue.			
JEANNE D'ARC. Blooms pure white. LUTEOLA PLENA. Creamy white. Quite dwarf.			
PAEONIAFLORA. Rosy-purple.			
Speciosa. Good form, light pink.			
Totus Albus Simplex. Single, purest white.			
VARIEGATA. Foliage variegated. ARALIA or HERCULES' CLUB (Aralia			
chinensis)Specimens, 6 to 12 feet, \$2.00 to	6.00		
Prickly stems, immense com- 4 to 5 feet.		5.00	40.00
pounded leaves. 3 to 4 feet. ARONIA, see Chokeberry.	.50	3.50	25.00
AZALEA CANADENSIS (Rhodora			
canadensis). Bushy, 8 to 12 inches.	.75	6.00	• • • • •
A moisture-loving shrub. AZALEA FLAME (Azalea lutea)Bushy, 2 to 2½ feet.	3.00	27.50	
Bushy, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.	2.50	22.50	
AZALEA FRAGRANT (Azalea arborescens).			• • • • •
White, tinged rose. Bushy, 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet.	3.00	27.50	• • • • •
Bushy, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet. AZALEA GHENT (Azalea hybrida), Specimens, \$2.00 to	$\frac{2.50}{5.00}$	22.50	• • • • •
These are garden hybrid Azaleas 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	100.00
of bushy form producing in June a 15 to 18 inches.		9.00	75.00
great profusion of dazzling bloom. 12 to 15 inches. AZALEA MOLLIS (Azalea sinensis). Specimens, \$2.00 to	.75 5.00	6.00	50.00
Very bushy in habit of growth; 18 to 24 inches.	1.50	12.50	
blooming with greatest profusion 15 to 18 inches.	1.00	9.00	75.00
before the leaves appear. 12 to 15 inches.	.75	6.00	50.00
AZALEA PINXTER FLOWER (Azalea nudiflora)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
Our native pink Azalea or Honey- 18 to 24 inches.	1.00	7.50	60.00
suckle. 12 to 18 inches.	.50	4.50	30.00
AZALEA SWEET WHITE (Azalea viscosa)Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to	10.00		
A late blooming species with white 18 to 24 inches.	.75	6.00	
flowers in July. 12 to 18 inches.		2.00	• • • • •
AZALEA EARLY (Azalea vaseyi).	1 50	10 50	
Pink to pure white. Bushy, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet.	1.50	12.50	• • • • •
AZALEA. Evergreen kinds, see page 19. BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA 3 to 4 feet.	50	4.00	
BACCHARIS HALIMIFOLIA 3 to 4 feet. Glossy, attractive foliage.	.50	4.00	• • • • •
BARBERRY COMMON (Berberis vulgaris).			
Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00	• • • • • •	
One of the most useful and grace- 3 to 4 feet.	.50	4.00	20 00
ful shrubs. Hedge grade, see page 4. 2 to 3 feet. BARBERRY PURPLE-LEAF (B. vul-	.35	2.50	20.00
garis var.)Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to	5.00		
A graceful, upright growing form 3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	20.00
with rich amber purple foliage. 2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	





COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAM	ES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	o 30 inches. o 24 inches.	.75	\$ 6.50 4.00 3.00	\$50.00 35.00 25.00
be excelled. Hedge Grade. 18 to 24 inches. 12 to 18 inches. 8 to 12 inches. BAYBERRY (Myrica caroliensis)	Per 1000 \$125.00 100.00 75.00 to 3 feet.		6.00	15.00 12.00 8.00
	to 2 feet.	.35	3.00	
Native of great beauty, when in 2	to 4 feet. to 3 feet. to 2 feet.	.50	6.00 3.50 3.00	25.00
var. magnifica)	2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.		4.00 3.00	30.00 25.00
Attractive native shrub. CALIFORNIA PRIVET, see Privet and	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.		3.50 3.00	30.00 25.00
Prized for its fragrant blooms.	2 to 3 feet.		2.50 1.50	15.00 10.00
Autumn foliage, and brilliant fruit.	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.		3.50 2.50	20.00
Graceful shrub, bearing long	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	. 25	2.00 1.50 1.25	15.00 10.00 8.00
CURRANT YELLOW FLOWERING (Ribes aureum)	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 3.00	20.00
DEUTZIA DOUBLE PINK (Deutzia scabra plena.)	5 to 6 feet. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet.	.50	6.00 3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
Similar to preceding, except color of flowers.	to 6 feet. to 5 feet. to 4 feet.	.50	6.00 3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
DEUTZIA DWARF WHITE (D. gracilis). A very popular and desirable low- growing shrub. A beautiful plant. 12 to DEUTZIA LEMOINE'S (D. hybrid).	o 24 inches. o 18 inches.		3.00 2.00	25.00 18.00
Specimens, 3 to 4 fee A hardy shrub of dwarf habit; 2 pure white flowers.	t, \$1.00 to 2 to 3 feet.		2.50	20.00
Tall growing shrub. Flowers	to 6 feet. to 5 feet. to 4 feet.	.50	6.00 3.50 2.50	25.00
(Cornus mas)Specimens, 6 to 12 fee Yellow flowers before leaves ap- appear.	to 4 feet. to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
Interesting medium size native	to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. to 2 feet.	.35	3.50 2.50 2.00	15.00
var.)Beautiful red-twigged effect in the	to 5 feet. to 4 feet. to 3 feet.	.50	6.00 3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00





		D 1	D 10	T 100
COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES		Each	Per 10	Per 100
DOGWOOD YELLOW-TWIGGED (C.	4.5	P 50	0 2 50	
	feet.	.50 .35	$\begin{array}{c} 3.50 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$	
DOGWOOD WHITE FLOWERING, see Trees.	1000.		2.00	
ELDER AMERICAN (Sambucus canadensis)	4 feet.	.50	3.50	\$25.00
	3 feet.	.35	$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$	20.00
ELDER AMERICAN CUI-LEAF (S.			0.50	00.00
canadensis var.) 3 to 4 Graceful fern-like foliage. 2 to 3	feet.	.50 .35	$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$	30.00 20.00
ELDER AMERICAN GOLDEN-LEAF				
	4 feet. 3 feet.	.50 .35	$\begin{array}{c} 3.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	25.00 15.00
ELEAGNUS or GUMI (Eleagnus multiflora.) 3 to	4 feet.	.75	5.00	15.00
Attractive shrub, edible fruit. 2 to 3	3 feet.	. 50	4.00	30.00
ELEAGNUS or OLEASTER (E. angustifolia)Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1	.00 to	2.00		
Tree-like shrub with silvery foliage. 4 to	5 feet.	.50	3.50	
ELEAGNUS or SILVER THORN (E. umbellata)Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1	50 to	10.00		
	4 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
foliage.				
ENKIANTHUS PERULATUS. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2	.00 to	5.00		
EVONYMUS AMERICAN (Evonymus				
	6 feet. 4 feet.	$\frac{1.00}{.75}$	7.50	
EVONYMUS BROAD-LEAF (E. latifolia)			0.00	
Larger fruits than the other forms. 2 to EVONYMUS EUROPEAN BURNING	3 feet.	1.00		
BUSH or SPINDLE TREE (E.				
europea)Specimens, 8 to 10 feet, \$2				
	6 feet. 5 feet.	$1.00 \\ .75$	5.00	40.00
EVONYMUS JAPAN BURNING BUSH			0.00	10,00
(E. alata) Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$3 Distinct shrub, branches con- 3 to	$4 ext{ feet.}$	8.00	7.50	50.00
spicuously winged. Fruit and foli- 2 to	3 feet.		5.00	40.00
age assuming in the Fall intense	i			
crimson. See Hedge Plants, page 4. EXOCHORDA RACEMOSA or PEARL	- 11		i	
BUSHSpecimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$2				
	5 feet. 4 feet.		6.00	50.00
FORSYTHIA INTERMEDIA (For-			0.00	
sythia hybrid)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1 Hybrid garden form and extreme- 4 to	5 feet.		3.50	30.00
ly free blooming. One of the best. 3 to	4 feet.		2.50	20.00
FORSYTHIA WEEPING (F. suspensa).	00.			
Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$1 A wealth of slender, vine-like 4 to	5 feet.		3.50	
branches and golden bell blooms. 3 to	4 feet.		2.50	
FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI (F. suspensa var.)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1	1 00 to	3.00		
	5 feet.		3.50	
ceding, otherwise similar. 3 to	4 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
FORSYTHIA SIEBOLDI (F. suspensa var.)Specimens, 6 to 8 feet, \$1	1.50 to	5.00	1	
Similar to Fortunei, more graceful 4 to	5 feet.		6.00	
grower. FORSYTHIA VIRIDISSIMA (Golden				
Bell)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1	1.00 to	3.00	1	
Deep green foliage and branches, 4 to	5 feet.		3.50	20.00
HEDGE PLANTS, see page 4.	4 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
HIBISCUS, see Althea.				
HONEYSUCKLE ALBERT'S (Lonicera spinosa var.)	inches	35	3.00	20.00
Low trailing shrub.	-1101100	1	3.50	23.03
HONEYSUCKLE BELLA CANDIDA (L. bella var.)	5 feet	75	6.00	50.00
White flowers, scarlet fruits. 3 to	4 feet	50	4.00	30.00
	3 feet	.35	3.00	25.00
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL	NAMES		Each	Per 10	Per 100
HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANT BUSH					
(L. fragrantissima) Very useful, of vigorous growth.		4 feet.	\$.50	\$ 3.50	\$30.00
very useful, of vigorous growth.	2 to 1 to	3 feet. 2 feet.		3.00	25.00 15.00
HONEYSUCKLE MORROW'S (L.	- 00				
Morrowii)	4 to	5 feet.		6.00	50.00
Very graceful habit, producing pro- fusion of fruits, which are quite showy.	2 to	4 feet. 3 feet.		3.50 2.50	25.00 20.00
HONEYSUCKLE STANDISH'S (L.					
Standishii) Evergreen in sheltered places,	3 to	4 feet.		4.00	35.00
fragrant early flowers.	2 to	3 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
HONEYSUCKLE TATARIAN (L. ta-					
tarica)Specimens, 6 to			4.00	6 00	50.00
Well known Bush Honeysuckle, white flowers in June. Fruit red.		5 feet.		$\frac{6.00}{3.50}$	25.00
HONEYSUCKLE TATARIAN ROSE					20.00
(L. tatarica var.)		5 feet.		5.00	05.00
Form of preceding, with pink flowers, freely produced.	2 to	4 feet. 3 feet.	.50 .35	$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$	25.00 20.00
HUCKLEBERRY HIGH BUSH (Vac-				2.00	
cinum corymbosum). Specimens, 3 to					
A native shrub of great beauty. HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS		4 feet.	1.00	9.00 3.50	80.00 30.00
Showy umbels of bloom in June		3 feet.		2.50	20.00
and July.	MDI				
HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS GRA FLORA ALBA		4 feet.	.75	6.00	
Is a wonderful new shrub. Heads		3 feet.	.50	4.00	35.00
of white blooms in June and July.	1 to	2 feet.	.35	3.00	25.00
HYDRANGEA CINEREA VAR. ŠTEF		3 feet.	.50	4.00	
White blooms, very desirable	1 to	2 feet.		3.00	
shrub. Very hardy.				4 70	
HYDRANGEA RADIATA		3 feet. 2 feet.	.50 .35	$\frac{4.50}{3.00}$	25.00
A native shrub, with rich green leaves silvery white beneath.	1 00	2 1000.	.00	3.00	20.00
HYDRANGEA OAK-LEAF (H. quer-	1.				
cifolia)	2 to	3 feet.	1.50		
Magnificent native shrub. HYDRANGEA PANICULATA	3 to	4 feet.	.50	3.50	
Erect, the flower heads upright.	2 to	3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
HYDRANGEA PANICULATA VAR. GRANDIFLORASpecimens,					
grown to single stem with bushy	tops, \$1	.00 to	5.00		
Bush form.	3 to	4 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
Thriving under a great variety of conditions, can be used in many	2 to 1 to	3 feet. 2 feet.		$\frac{3.00}{2.00}$	25.00 15.00
ways effectively.	1 00	2 1000.	.20	2.00	10.00
INDIGO SHRUB (Amorpha fruticosa).	3 to	4 feet.		2.50	20.00
Dark purple flowers.	2 to	3 feet. 3 feet.		$\frac{2.00}{3.50}$	15.00
ITEA VIRGINICA (Virginian Willow). Low growing shrub with glossy	18 to 24	inches.	.35	2.50	20.00
foliage.	12 to 18	inches.	. 25	2.00	18.00
JAPAN QUINCE (Cydonia japonica).		3 feet. 2 feet.	$.35 \\ .25$	$\frac{2.50}{2.00}$	15.00
Well known shrub with very early brilliant scarlet blooms.	1 10	Z reet.	. 20	2.00	15.00
JAPAN QUINCE WHITE (C. jap.					
var.)	2 to	3 feet. 2 feet.	.35	$\frac{2.50}{2.00}$	15.00
White form, slightly flushed with pink.	1 to	Z reet.	. 20	2.00	10.00
JAPAN QUINCE UMBILICATA (C.			L	0.00	40.00
jap. var.)	3 to	4 feet.	.75	6.00	40.00 30.00
A splendid deep clear rose variety.		3 feet. 2 feet.	$.50 \\ .35$	$\frac{4.00}{3.00}$	25.00
KERRIA JAPONICA or Globe Flower.	2 to	3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
Graceful shrub, deep green bark.	1 to	2 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
KERRIA JAPONICA DOUBLE YEL- LOW	3 to	4 feet.	.50	3.50	25.00
Resembling small yellow roses.		3 feet.	.35	2.5C	17.50
KERRIA JAPONICA DWARF VAR-	19 40 94	inches	.50	2 50	25.00
Form with silver-like foliage.	18 to 24 12 to 18		.35	$\frac{3.50}{2.50}$	17.50
Total min barror alaboroungo.					
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
LEATHERWOOD (Dirca palustris) 3 to 4 feet. Interesting native shrub. 2 to 3 feet. LILAC JAPAN TREE (Syringa japonica).		\$ 5.00 4.00	\$30.00
Specimens, 6 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to A stately tree-like shrub, produc- 2 to 3 feet.		4.50	35.00
ing large terminal clusters of creamy white blossoms in July. LILAC LATE BLOOMING BLUE (S.	9.00		
Josikæa)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to Glosss foliage, flowers a clear blue 3 to 4 feet. blue, later blooming than the common. 2 to 3 feet.	.50	4.50 3.00	35.00 20.00
LILAC LATE BLOOMING PINK (S. villosa)Specimens, 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00 to Erect shrub bearing large clusters 3 to 4 feet.	.75	5.00 3.50	40.00 25.00
of a pleasing rose-pink. 2 to 3 feet. LILAC OLD GARDEN PURPLE (S. vulgaris) Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	5.00		
Old garden favorite, is most happy planted in large masses or as a hedge. We have a large stock of it to offer. LILAC OLD GARDEN WHITE (S.	. 35	$\begin{array}{c} 3.50 \\ 2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 25.00 \\ 20.00 \\ 15.00 \end{bmatrix}$
vulgaris var.) Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to The old White Lilac, growing 3 to 4 feet. often times to tree-like proportions. 2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 2.50	30.00
This is a desirable shrub for hedges. LILAC NEW GARDEN VARIETIES (S. vulgaris var.)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.50 to	.25	2.00	15.00
These new varities of lilacs are all very beautiful, desirable, and quite as hardy as the older kinds. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	1.00 .75	9.00 6.00 4.50	75.00 50.00 35.00
Alphonse Lavalle. Double. Beautiful blue shaded violet. Marie Legray. Single, pure white.			
MME. LEMOINE. Double, pure white. PRES. MASSART. Single, deep wine red. PRES. GREVY. Double, light blue. PYRAMIDALIS. Double, beautiful rosy blue.			
persica)		5.00	97.00
blooms. A very valuable hardy shrub. LILAC PERSIAN WHITE (S. persica		3.50	25.00
var.)Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00 to Like preceding, flowers at matur- ity quite white, very desirable. PEA SHRUB SIBERIAN (Caragana 2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 2.50	25.00 18.00
arborescens)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.50 to An attractive shrub of extreme hardiness. Light pea-green foliage. 2 to 3 feet.	.75	6.00	25.00
PEA SHRUB SIBERIAN WEEPING (C. arb. var.), Specimens grafted 5 feet high, \$1.75 to PHOTINIA VILLOSA 6 to 8 feet.	1.50	10.00	
Tree-like shrub. Glossy foliage. 5 to 6 feet. PRIVET AMOOR (Ligustrum amurense). Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to Avery hardy upright privet, orna- 4 to 5 feet.	5.00	7.50	
Avery hardy upright privet, ornamental shrub and desirable hedge plant. Will withstand where California Privet winter kills. 4 to 5 feet. 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	.50	6.00 4.50 2.50 1.75	35.00 20.00 15.00
Hedge grade, see page 4. PRIVET CALIFORNIA (L. ovalifolium) Specimen bushes 4 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to	10.00		
Standards, 2 feet stems \$2.00 to Ball shape, 2 to 3 feet, \$1.50 to Pyramid shape, 2 to 4 feet, \$1.50 to	5.00		
This shrub is now in universal demand for hedge purposes. It will thrive al-			10.00
most everywhere even in the 30 to 36 inches. 60.00 crowded city atmosphere 24 to 30 inches. 45.00 and at the seashore. Can 18 to 24 inches. 35.00 be trimmed into almost any 12 to 18 inches. 25.00	3		7.00 5.00 4.00 3.00
shape.		L	





COMMON AND BOTANICAL 1	NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
PRIVET CHINESE (L. Ibota).				
Specimens, 5 to		\$ 5.00		\$35.00
A desirable ornamental shrub of spreading habit. Splendid hedge	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.	$.50 \\ .35$	\$ 4.50 2.50	\$35.00 20.00
plant. Hedge grade, see page 4.	1 to 2 feet.		2.00	15.00
PRIVET ENGLISH or PRIM (L. vul-				
garis)Specimens, 4 to A very desirable shrub and very	3 to 4 feet.	$5.00 \\ .35$	2.50	20.00
hardy. Excellent for hedges.	2 to 3 feet.		2.00	15.00
PRIVET ENGLISH YELLOW-FRUIT		F 00		
(L. vulgaris var.)Specimens, 4 to Similar to preceding other than	3 to 4 feet.	$5.00 \\ .35$	2.50	20.00
than fruit.	J to Ticci.	.00	2.50	20.00
PRIVET GOLDEN CALIFORNIA	0.4			
(L. oval. var.)	2 to 3 feet. 18 to 24 inches.	.75 .50	6.00 4.50	
	12 to 18 inches.		3.00	25.00
PRIVET LARGE-FRUIT (L. acumina-				
tum var.)Specimens, 4 to	5 feet, \$1.00 to 3 to 4 feet.	$\frac{3.00}{.35}$	2.50	20.00
A hardy type producing showy white flowers and jet-black fruits.	2 to 3 feet.	.25	2.00	15.00
PRIVET REGEL'S (L. Ibota var.).				
Specimens, 3 to A spreading form of the Chinese	5 feet, \$1.00 to 3 to 4 feet.	5.00	4.50	• • • • •
Privet. Desirable as a specimen	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.00	25.00
or planted in groups.	1 to 2 feet.		2.00	17.50
RHODORA, see Azalea.				
RHODOTYPOS KERRIOIDES or Whit KerriaSpecimens, 4 to		3.00		
Effective shrub bearing pure	$3 ext{ to } 4 ext{ feet}.$.50	3.50	30.00
white flowers in May.	2 to 3 feet.		2.50	20.00
ROSA RUGOSA (Japan Rose), see Hardy ST. JOHN'S-WORT (Hypericum au-	Roses, page 40.			1
reum)	3 to 4 feet.		4.50	
Low growing with yellow blooms.	2 to 3 feet.		3.00	20.00
SHAD BUSH (Amelanchier canadensis) Beautiful native shrub-like tree.	2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet.	.35	$\begin{vmatrix} 2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{vmatrix}$	15.00
SMOKE TREE, see Sumach.	100 21000	.20		1 2000
SNOWBALL, see Viburnum.				
SNOWBERRY WHITE (Symphoricar-	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
pos albus)Slender shrub, bearing clusters of	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
waxy-white fruits late in the Fall.	1 to 2 feet.		1.75	15.00
Yellow flowers before leaves.	3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.		$\begin{vmatrix} 4.50 \\ 2.50 \end{vmatrix}$	20.00
SPINDLE TREE, see Evonymus Europ	æa.			
SPIRÆA ARGUTASpecimens, 5 to	6 feet, \$1.00 to 3 to 4 feet.	4.00	3.50	30.00
One of the best of the spireas of recent introduction.	2 to 3 feet.		2.50	20.00
SPIRÆA ARGUTA VAR. DWARF	2 to 3 feet.	.75	5.00	45.00
Originated here at our Nursery.	1 to 2 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
SPIRÆA BRIDAL WREATH (Spiræa prunifolia var. fl. pl.) Specimens, 4 t	o 6 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00		
A fine old garden shrub with	3 to 4 feet.	. 50	3.50	25.00
double snowy white flowers. SPIRÆA BUMALDA VAR. A. WATE	2 to 3 feet.	.35	2.50	20.00
A most desirable variety, having	2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
deep red flowers, blooming all Sum-	18 to 24 inches.	.35	2.50	20.00
mer, fine for foreground plantings. SPIRÆA CALLOSA, see Spiræa Japonio	8 to 12 inches.	.25	1.75	15.00
SPIRÆA JAPAN WHITE (Albiflora).	ia.			
Specimens, 2 to	3 feet, \$1.00 to	2.00		
Low growing, white panicles.	1 to 2 feet.	, 35	2.50	
SPIRÆA JAPONICA (Spiræa japonica).	3 to 4 feet.		3.50	• • • • •
Flowers rosy pink in July. SPIRÆA MOUNTAIN ASH-LEAF	2 to 3 feet.	. 35	2.50	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
(Sorbaria sorbifolia)	3 to 4 feet.	.50	3.50	
Graceful, rapid-growing shrub	2 to 3 feet.	. 35	2.50	15.00
with sumach-like leaves.	1 to 2 feet.	. 25	2.00	15.00
SPIRÆA MOUNTAIN ASH-LEAF (S. Aitchisonii)	3 to 4 feet.	.75	6.00	
An interesting form of the above.	2 to 3 feet.		4.00	
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COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
SPIRÆA or NINEBARK (Physocarpus			
opulifolius) Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	\$ 3.00	\$ 3.50	20.00
A vigorous growing, attractive 4 to 5 feet.	.50	\$ 5.50	\$30.00
SPIRÆA or NINEBARK GOLDEN-			
LEAF (P. opul. var.). Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to	3.00	2 50	20.00
Golden-leaved form of preceding. 4 to 5 feet SPIRÆA ROTUNDIFOLIA 3 to 4 feet		$\begin{vmatrix} 3.50 \\ 4.00 \end{vmatrix}$	30.00
An interesting variety with dark 2 to 3 feet		2.50	20.00
green leaves and pure white flowers. SPIRÆA THUNBERGII	.75	5 00	25 00
SPIRÆA THUNBERGII		$\frac{5.00}{3.00}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 35.00 \\ 20.00 \end{vmatrix}$
form and abundant blooms. Its 1 to 2 feet		2.00	15.00
delicate foliage quite brilliant in			
Fall. Hedge grade, see page 4. SPIRÆA VAN HOUTTEI.			
Specimens, 4 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to			
Perhaps the most beautiful of all 3 to 4 feet		3.50	25.00
the spiræas, both in leaf and in bloom. 2 to 3 feet Hedge grade, see page 4.	.35	2.50	20.00
STEPHANANDRA FLEXUOSA 3 to 4 feet		3.50	30.00
Small shrub, foliage deeply toothed; 2 to 3 feet graceful, pendent branches. 1 to 2 feet		$2.50 \\ 2.00$	20.00
graceful, pendent branches. 1 to 2 feet SUMACH or SMOKE TREE (Rhus	25	2.00	15.00
Cotinus)Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$1.50 to	3.00		
Well known tree-like shrub, pro- 4 to 5 feet	75	5.00	40.00
fusely plumed with its feathery 3 to 4 feet flowers.	.50	3.50	25.00
SUMACH FRAGRANT (R. canadensis). 18 to 24 inches	35	2.50	
Low spreading shrub. 12 to 15 inches		2.00	15.00
SUMACH SHINING (R. copallina) 3 to 4 feet Beautiful native shrub, glossy fol- 2 to 3 feet		$\begin{vmatrix} 3.50 \\ 2.50 \end{vmatrix}$	
iage, very brilliant in the Fall. 1 to 2 feet		2.00	15.00
SUMACH STAGHORN CUT-LEAF	75	6 00	
(R. typhina var.)		$\begin{vmatrix} 6.00 \\ 3.50 \end{vmatrix}$	30.00
leaves rival the most delicate fern. 2 to 3 feet		2.50	17.50
SWEET PEPPER BUSH (Clethra	50	2 00	07.00
alnifolia)		$\begin{vmatrix} 3.00 \\ 2.50 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 25.00 \\ 20.00 \end{bmatrix}$
and August. Useful for massing. 12 to 18 inches		2.00	15.00
SYRINGA AVALANCHE (Philadel- phus hybrida var.) 2 to 3 feet	.50	2 50	25.00
phus hybrida var.)		$\begin{vmatrix} 3.50 \\ 2.50 \end{vmatrix}$	20.00
SYRINGA FALCONERI (P. hybrida		2.00	1 -5.55
var.)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to Branches gracefully bend under 4 to 5 feet		6 00	50.00
Branches gracefully bend under 4 to 5 feet their weight of bloom. 3 to 4 feet		$\begin{vmatrix} 6.00 \\ 3.50 \end{vmatrix}$	30.00
SYRINGA GRANDIFLORUS (P. hy-		1	
brida var.)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to Very large pure white flowers. 3 to 4 feet		2 50	
SYRINGA LEMOINE'S (P. hybrida var.)	1	3.50	
Dwarf habit. 2 to 3 feet	. 50	4.00	30.00
SYRINGA MT. BLANC (P. hybrida var.)	75	5.00	
A new and very beautiful form. 2 to 3 feet		3.50	
SYRINGA NIVALIS (P. hybrida) 4 to 5 feet	75	6.00	
Vigorous, graceful, pure white, 3 to 4 feet 2 to 3 feet		3.00	35.00
SYRINGA SPECIOSISSIMUS (P. hy-	.35	3.00	20.00
brida var.)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 t	3.00		
Branching, producing wreaths of 4 to 5 feet	75	5.00	40.00
fragrant white blooms with rich 3 to 4 feet orange centers.	.50	3.50	25.00
SYRINGA SWEET (P. coronarius) 2 to 3 feet	50	4.00	30.00
This is the true old garden Sweet 18 to 24 inches			
Syringa.			
SYRINGA SWEET GOLDEN LEAF	75	5 00	
(P. coronarius var.)			
SYRINGA VIRGINAL (P. hybrida) 3 to 4 feet			
Large, double, fragrant. 2 to 3 feet			
	1	1	





COMMON AND BOTANICAL NAMES	Each	Per 10	Per 100
	Hach	1 61 10	
TAMARIX AFRICANA (Tamarix parviflora)Specimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to Shrub with very graceful willow-4 to 5 feet.	\$ 2.00	\$ 3.50	
like habit. TAMARIX CASPIAN (T. odessana) 4 to 5 feet.		3.50	200,00
Similar to preceding, foliage light 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet.		$2.50 \\ 2.00$	\$20.00 15.00
Rod	.75	7.50	
Fall. 2 to 3 feet. VIBURNUM DENTATUM or Arrow WoodSpecimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$1.00 to		3.50	
VIBURNUM LANTANA or Wayfaring 4 to 5 feet.	.75	6.00	50.00
Tree	3.00 .50 .35	3.50 2.50	30.00
VIBURNUM LENTAGO or Sheep- BerrySpecimens, 6 to 9 feet, \$2.00 to	4.00		
Tree-like in growth with showy 2 to 3 feet. fruit. VIBURNUM OPULUS or Cranberry		2.50	
TreeSpecimens, 5 to 7 feet, \$0.75 to A tall shrub with upright spread-	.50	3.50	25.00
ing branches. VIBURNUM OPULUS VAR. or Old Fashion Snowball	.75	6.00	20.00 50.00
The old fashioned snowball known 3 to 4 feet. to all lovers of old fashioned 2 to 3 feet. shrubs.	.50 .35	3.50 2.50	30.00
VIBURNUM OPULUS NANA. An interesting dwarf form, very 8 to 12 inches.		3.50	
desirable. 6 to 8 inches. VIBURNUM PLICATUM or Japan Double SnowballSpecimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to	6.00	2.50	
This variety is now very generally 3 to 4 feet. known as the double flowering 2 to 3 feet. Snowball.	.50	3.50 2.50	30.00 20.00
VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII		3.50	
VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM or Japan Single SnowballSpecimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to Beautiful shrub for planting on 3 to 4 feet.		6.00	50.00
the lawn as a single specimen or for grouping with other shrubs. WEIGELA AMABILIS (Diervilla hy-		4.00	35.00
brida var.)		3.50 2.50	
interesting shrubs, flowers a rosy red. WEIGELA AMABILIS ALBA (D. hybrida var.)		2.00	15.00 30.00
White form of the preceding. 2 to 3 feet. WEIGELA CANDIDA (D. hybrida var.) 4 to 5 feet.	.35 .75	2.50 6.00	
Another interesting tall growing 3 to 4 feet. variety, producing pure white flowers. WEIGELA EVA RATHKE (D. hy-	.35	3.50 2.50	30.00 20.00
brida var.)	.75 .50	5.00 3.50	25.00
Weigelas. Medium dwarf in habit. 1 to 2 feet. WEIGELA ROSEA (D. hybrida var.) 3 to 4 feet. Moderately dwarf, flowers a very 2 to 3 feet.	.35 .50 .35	2.50 3.50 2.50	20.00
light pleasing pink. 1 to 2 feet. WEIGELA ROSEA VARIEGATA (D.	.25	2.00	15.00
hybrida var.) 3 to 4 feet. Variegated-leaved form 2 to 3 feet.	.50	3.50 2.50	20.00
WHITE FRINGE (Chionanthus virginica) 3 to 4 feet. More correctly a low growing tree. 2 to 3 feet. YELLOW ROOT (Zanthorrhiza apiifolia).	.75	6.00 3.50	30.00
Large clumps, \$1.00 to A low growing shrub, foliage as- 12 to 18 inches.	3.00	4.00	25.00
suming rich tints in the Autumn. 8 to 12 inches.	.35	2.50	20.00



VINES



HARDY VINES are invaluable for covering porches, pergolas, walls, fences, also for screening objectionable views. Their graceful habit and great variety of beautiful flowers and foliage make them charmingly attractive all through the season.

COMMON AND BOTANICAL N	AMES	Each	Per 10	Per 10
ACTINIDIA ARGUTA or Silver-Sweet				
VineSpecimens, 3 to 8	feet, \$2.00	to \$5.00		
Very rapid growing vine, desir-	2 to 3 fee	et75	\$5.00	
able for arbors, pergolas, etc.	2 to 3 fee 1 to 2 fee	et35	3.00	\$25.00
AKEBIA QUINATAStrong pot plan				
One of the best vines for arbor or	3 to 4 fee	et50	3.50	25.00
screen. Hardy, vigorous and almost	2 to 3 fee		2.50	17.50
evergreen. The leaves are five lobed.	1 to 2 fee		2.00	15.00
AMPELOPSIS ACONITIFOLIA	4 to 6 fee		3.50	
A handsome vine of very rapid	3 to 4 fee	et35	2.50	
growth, similar to the native Woodbine				
AMPELOPSIS HETEROPHYLLA VAR			1	
ELEGANS	3 to 4 fee	et50	3.50	
A graceful, delicate appearing	2 to 3 fee	et35	2.50	
vine, with variegated foliage.	1 to 2 fee		2.00	15.00
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA or	100 2100	.20	2.00	10.00
BOSTON IVY	2 to 3 fee	et50	3.50	25.00
Also known as Ampelopsis Veit-	1 to 2 fee		2.00	15.00
chii; by far the most valuable vine	to 12 inche		1.50	10.00
which will cling to stone or wood.	5 to 12 mon	.20	1.50	10.00
AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA VAR.				
PURPUREA ROBUSTA	2 to 3 fee	t50	3.50	30.00
	1 to 2 fee		2.50	20.00
A very robust type of Boston Ivy.	1 10 2 10	t35	2.50	20.00
AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA or	4 75 same	1 20		
WoodbineSpecimens, 6 to 10 fee	t, 75 cents	to 1.50	1	
Woodbine or Virginia Creeper is a	4 to 5 fee		5.00	35.00
handsome vine and will thrive in the	3 to 4 fee		3.50	25.00
greatest variety of soils and under	2 to 3 fee		2.50	15.00
varying conditions.	1 to 2 fee	t25	1.50	12.50
ARISTOLOCHIA, see Dutchman's Pipe.				
BIGNONIA, see Trumpet creeper.				~ ~ ~
BITTERSWEET (Celastrus scandens).	3 to 4 fee		3.50	25.00
Native vine of great beauty.	2 to 3 fee	t. .35	2.50	17.50
BITTERSWEET JAPAN (C. orbicu-				
latus)	3 to 4 fee		3.50	25.00
Beautiful hedges are made by	2 to 3 fee		2.50	18.00
keeping this plant within bounds by	1 to 2 fee	t25	2.00	15.00
trimming.				
Trimmed in shrub form, 2 to 3:	feet, \$1.00	to 3.00		
BOSTON IVY, see Ampelopsis Tricuspidat	a.	1		
CELASTRUS, see Bittersweet.				
CLEMATIS FLAMMULA. Strong pot plan	ts, 50 cents	to 2.00		
Similar to Paniculata, and a good	3 year	s50	4.00	30.00
companion for it.	2 year		2.50	20.00
CLEMATIS HYBRIDS LARGE VARIE	TIES.			
HENRYI. Large, white	2 year	s75	5.00	
JACKMANII. Large, deep royal purple.	2 year	s75	5.00	
MADAME ANDRE. Large, deep wine re	ed. 2 year	s75	5.00	
Madame Andre. Large, deep wine re Ramona. Large, light lavendar	2 year	s75	5.00	
CLEMATIS PANICULATA or Japan	- 5 0 a s		0.00	
Sweet Clematis Cla	mns 4 vear	s75	6.00	
Sweet Clematis	3 7601	s50	4.00	30.00
has appeared for years. Its foliage	2 year	s35	2.50	20.00
is clean and glossy. Flowers are	1 year	r25	$\frac{2.30}{2.00}$	15.00
delicate, star-like, pure white.	1 yea	.25	2.00	10.00
CLEMATIS RECTA, see Herbaceous				
MALITALID BEIOLA, SEE HEIDAGEOUS				



VINES
THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY
WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



			,		
COMMON AND BOTANICAL NA	MES		Each	Per 10	Per 100
CLEMATIS SCARLET (Clematis Vi-					
orna var.)	3	years.	\$.35	\$ 2.50	\$20.00
Brilliant scarlet flowers. DUTCHMAN'S PIPE (Aristolochia					
Sipho)	3 to	4 feet.	1.00	7.50	60.00
Leaves like great Morning Glory		3 feet.		6.00	50.00
foliage; curious pipe-like flowers.					
EVERGRÉEN BITTERSWEET, see Evonymus radicans. Page 19.					
HEDERA, see Ivy.					
HONEYSUCKLE GOLDEN-LEAF					
(Louicera japonica var.), Strong pot plant	s, 50 c	ents to	2.00	2.50	90.00
The hardiest of the Japan Honeysuckles.		4 feet.		1.75	20.00
HONEYSUCKLE HALL'S EVER-	- 00	0 1000.			10.00
GREEN (L. japonica var.)		4 feet.		2.50	20.00
Flowers white, turning to yellow; very fragrant. Foliage glossy deep		3 feet. 2 feet.		$1.75 \\ 1.25$	15.00
green and evergreen.	1 10	2 1000.	.10	1.20	10.00
HYDRANGEA CLIMBING (Hydran-				}	
gea petiolaris), Specimens, strong pot pl				7 50	60.00
Rare and very beautiful vine from Japan, clinging to the trunks of trees		3 feet. 2 feet.		7.50 5.00	60.00
and to stone like English Ivy.				0.00	10.00
IVY ENGLISH (Hedera helix), Large specin		1.00 to	10.00		
Very useful climbing evergreen vine, and desirable for covering	3 to	4 feet. 3 feet.		$\begin{array}{ c c c } 4.00 \\ 2.50 \end{array}$	35.00 20.00
walls in shady places.		2 feet.		1.75	15.00
JAPAN IVY, see Ampelopsis.					
LONICERA, see Honeysuckle.					
LYCIUM, see Matrimony Vine. MATRIMONY VINE (Lycium chinense).	3 to	4 feet.	.50	3.50	30.00
A woody climber with long slender		3 feet.		3.00	20.00
branches, bearing scarlet berries.	1 to	2 feet.		2.00	15.00
PERIPLOCA, see Silk Vine.	0.4-	2 foot	25	2.50	20.00
SILK VINE (Periploca græca)		3 feet. 2 feet.		2.00	15.00
SILVER-SWEET VINE, see Actinidia.	1 00	2 1000.			10.00
TECOMA, see Trumpet Creener.					
TRUMPET CREEPER (Bignonia radicans)	3 to	4 feet.	.50	4.00	30.00
Desirable vine with brilliant red		3 feet.		2.50	20.00
trumpet-like flowers.					
TRUMPET CREEPER JAPAN (B.	0.4-	3 feet.	50	4.00	30.00
Large flowers and borne in great	2 10	o reet.	50	4.00	30.00
ireedom.					
VIRGINIA CREEPER, see Ameplopsis.			İ		
VIRGIN'S BOWER, see Clematis. VITIS, see Ampelopsis.					
WISTERIA CHINESE PURPLE.					
Tree form, specim					
One of the best Wisterias; blooms before leaves appear. This splendid	4 to	6 feet.		3.50	30.00
vine can be used to advantage in	2 to	3 feet		2.50	20.00
many ways.				l	
WISTERIA CHINESE WHITE		4 feet		7.50 5.00	
White form of the preceding. Very effective.	2 10	3 feet	75	3.00	
WISTERIA MULTIJUGA.					
Specimens, tree for					
Racemes of flowers three to four feet long. Purple.		6 feet		6.00	50.00
WISTERIA SPECIOSA or American					
Wisteria		4 feet		3.50	30.00
This Wisteria blooms after the leaves are developed.	2 to	3 feet	35	2.50	20.00
WOODBINE, see Ampelopsis Quinquefolia					
			1	l	1

February 3, 1917.

[&]quot;Was well pleased with stock received this year."

Mrs. F. H. Quincy, Salina, Kansas.



RACFOIIS



THIS department includes what are popularly known as the Old-fashion Hardygarden Flowers as well as many of the New-fashion ones of great interest. In this class are the Paeonies, Iris, Larkspurs, Phlox, etc. The ease with which these plants can be grown, the great variety of color and long season of bloom, makes them indispensable. Hardy-herbaceous-perennials are a specialty at our Nursery. The fields of Paeonies, Iris, Phlox, etc., are well worth a long journey to see and we most cordially invite all those interested in gardens to come and see them during the flowering season. The grade of stock we send out is mostly Field Grown, strong and vigorous, and will produce an abundant display of blooms within a short time, providing suitable care is given.

The following Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in two sizes as follows.

The following Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in two sizes as follows, unless otherwise noted. Stock can be potted to order and held for any specified

delivery date.

PRICES Each Per 10 Per 100 1.75 15.00 1.25

ACHILLEA, see Yarrow.

ADAM'S NEEDLE, see Yucca.

ÆGOPODIUM PODAGRARIA VAR. VARIEGATA. One foot. Splendid for covering the ground under trees. Will grow almost anywhere.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE (Golden tuft). ½ to 1 foot. May and June.

Forms a clump of velvety foliage, flowers of the richest yellow, fragrant.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA. 2 to 3 feet. July to October.

Brilliant yellow daisies in great masses, splendid for cutting.

AOUILEGIA. see Columbine.

AQUILEGIA, see Columbine.

ARTEMISIA LACTIFLORA. 4 feet. July to October.

A charming plant bearing spikes of fragrant white flowers, beautiful dark

A charming plant bearing spikes of fragrant white howers, beautiful dark green foliage.

ASCLEPIAS, see Butterfly-weed.

ASTER NOVÆ-ANGLIÆ VAR. ROSEA. 2 to 5 feet. October to November. A variety of our native New England aster, with very large flowers.

ASTER STOKES' (Stokesia lævis), 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Double, light pleasing blue. Very desirable.

ASTER TATARICUS. 3 to 4 feet. October and November. Blue flowers.

ASTER TATARICUS. 3 to 4 feet. October and November. Blue flowers. Very effective.

ASTILBE, see Spiræa.

BABY'S BREATH (Gypsophila paniculata). 3 to 4 feet. July to October. Produces a mass of small white flowers forming a cloud of bloom.

BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS (False indigo). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. Clear blue. Foliage effective and lasts well through the season.

BEE BALM (Monarda didyma var. superba). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. One of the old garden plants which will ever be popular. Brilliant scarlet.

BELAMCANDA CHINENSIS, see Lily, Blackberry.

BLACK-EYED SUSAN, see Rudbeckia.

BLANKET-FLOWER, see Gaillardia.

BLEEDING-HEART, see Dicentra.

BLUEBELLS, see Campanula.

BOCCONIA CORDATA (Tree Celandine). 5 to 8 feet. August and September. Spikes of feathery white. Splendid background plant.

BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES. 6 to 8 feet. August and September. Tall plant, producing great masses of aster-like flowers, white with yellow center.

BOLTONIA LATISQUAMA. 6 to 8 feet. August to September. Similar to above excepting color, which is light lavender.

BOLTONIA LATISQUAMA. NANA. 12 to 15 inches. August to September. A dwarf form of the above. A new and desirable variety.

BULBS, see Lily.

BULBS, see Lily.

BUTTEREI V. WEED. (Asclapics tuberces). 2 to 3 feet. Luly and August.

BULBS, see Lily.
BUTTERFLY-WEED (Asclepias tuberosa). 2 to 3 feet.
Orange. A very showy native plant and very desirable. 2 to 3 feet. July and August.

FOR PRICES, SEE ABOVE.

"The plants ordered from you came in good condition and such fine plants! I am pleased with them and like your prompt business methods. My orders henceforth will find their way to your Nursery for it is a great satisfaction to find people who do business in a business-like way."



Herbaceous Perennials

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



CAMPANULA CARPATICA. ½ to 1 foot. June to October. Blue. Like the other Campanulas, the flowers are bell-shaped. One of the best dwarf plants. CAMPANULA CARPATICA VAR. ALBA. ½ to 1 foot. June to October. White. Similar to preceding otherwise than the color of the flowers. CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA. June to October.

This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loss clusters and are worst offective. Color blue.

This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loose clusters, and are very effective. Color blue.

CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA VAR. ALBA. June to October. Pure white. CANDYTUFT HARDY (Iberis sempervirens). 6 to 12 inches. April and May. White; evergreen foliage. Splendid foreground border plant.

CHRISTMAS ROSE (Helleborus niger). 6 to 12 inches. October to March. This plant produces its flowers in the winter, out of doors. Begonia-like blooms almost hidden in a clump of glossy evergreen leaves.

CHRYSANTHEMUM ULIGINOSUM (The Giant Daisy). 4 to 5 feet. July to September. Splendid plant for tall effects.

CLEMATIS RECTA. 2 to 4 feet. June. Pure white.

COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN BLUE (Aquilegia cœrulea). 2 to 3 feet.

COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN YELLOW (A. chrysantha). 2 to 3 feet.

COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN WHITE (A. chrysantha alba). 2 to 3 ft.

COLUMBINE EUROPEAN WHITE (A. vulgaris). 2 to 3 feet. May to June.

CONVALLARIA MAJALIS, see Echinacea.

CONVALLARIA MAJALIS, see Lily-of-the-Valley.

CORAL-BELLS, see Heuchera.
CORAL LILY, see Lily.
COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA (Tickseed). 2 to 3 feet. June to October. One of

the best golden yellow flowers for the garden. Excellent for cut flowers. COREOPSIS ROSEA. 8 to 12 inches. July to September. Rosy-pink, yellow center. Dark green cut-leaf foliage. Interesting foreground plant. COREOPSIS VERTICILLATA. 2 feet. July to September. Rich golden yellow.

COREOPSIS VERTICILLATA. 2 feet. July to September. Rich golden yellow. graceful foliage.

CROWN VETCH (Coronilla varia). June to August. A rampant creeper, with handsome globular heads of showy bright pink to white sweet pea-shaped flowers; a useful plant for the border and rockery.

DAISY SHASTA (Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum hybridum). 1 to 2 feet. June to August. Ray-flowers are of the purest glistening white, center golden yellow, blooms about four inches in diameter.

DAY-LILY, see Funkia.

DELPHINIUM, see Larkspur.
DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM (Pea-Shrub). September and October.

DIANTHUS, see Pinks.

DICENTRA EXIMIA, 12 to 15 inches. All summer, rose. Fern-like foliage.

DICENTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding Heart). 2 to 3 feet. May and June.

Rose and white. An old favorite. Very desirable. Keeps well as a cut flower.

DICTAMNUS FRAXINELLA (Gas Plant). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. A

very showy plant, with fragrant foliage and spikes of rosy pink flowers.

DICTAMNUS FRAXINELLA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. A white form.

DICTAMNUS FRAXINELLA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. A white form.

DIGITALIS, see Fox-Glove.

DIELYTRA, see Dicentra.

DUSTY MILLER (Centaurea gymnocarpa). Velvety white fern-like foliage.

ECHINACEA PURPUREA (Purple Cone-flower). 3 to 5 feet. July to September.

ELEGANS LILY, see Lily.

EULGANS LILY, see Lity.

EULALIA, see Grasses.

EUPHORBIA COROLLATA (Spurge). 1 to 2 feet. July to October. White.

FERNS HARDY. Inquire for Fern list.

FLAX PERENNIAL (Linum perenne). 1 to 2 feet. June to September. Desirable garden plant, producing deep blue bell-shaped flowers.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis palustris). The true variety blooming all summer.

FOX-GLOVE (Digitalis purpurea). 3 to 5 feet. July and August. Old-fashioned garden favorite of easiest culture.

garden favorite of easiest culture.

FOX-GLOVE (Digitalis purpurea alba). A white form of the preceding.

FOX-GLOVE (Digitalis ambigua). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Very hardy. Creamy white.

FUNKIA (Day lily). Heart shaped leaved border plants with clusters of lily-NKIA (Day lily). Heart shaped leaved border plants with clusters of fily-like flowers gracefully disposed.
BLUE (Cœrulea). 2 feet. August, September. Dark green glossy foliage, flowers light blue.
BROAD-LEAVED (Ovata). 2 feet. August and September. Large ovate foliage; flowers light blue.
FORTUNE'S (Fortunei). 2 to 3 feet. July. Rare type. Large, glaucous, heart-shaped leaves, pale lilac.
LANCE-LEAF (Lancifolia). 1 to 2 feet. August to October. Long glossy foliage, lilac flowers.

foliage, lilac flowers.

VARIEGATED (Undulata). 8 to 12 inches. July and August. A very popular variety; leaves variegated white and green.

WHITE (Subcordata). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Large light green leaves, flowers purest white.

FOR PRICES OF THE ABOVE HERBACEOUS PLANTS SEE PAGE 31



Herbaceous Perennials

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



GAILLARDIA ARISTATA (Blanket Flower). 2 to 3 feet. July to October.

Bright red-yellow splashes. Very desirable for the garden border.

GERANIUM PLATYPETALUM. 2 feet. June to July. Large, purple-blue

GERANIUM PLATYPETALUM. 2 feet. June to July. Large, purple-didentifly flowers, with handsome foliage.

GERANIUM SANGUINEUM. 1 foot. June and July. Large deep crimson-purple flowers. Graceful foliage, which becomes most attractive during the Fall. GERANIUM SANGUINEUM VAR. ALBUM. 1 foot. June and July. White. GRASSES ORNAMENTAL. The following are all desirable and hardy:

MISCANTHUS SINENSIS (Eulalia sinensis). 6 to 8 feet. This and the next following are what are generally known as Japan plume grasses. They are very ornamental in growth. Showy plumes appear in Fall.

MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. VARIEGATUS. 6 to 8 feet. Foliage striped with white, otherwise like preceding.

MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. ZEBRINUS. 6 to 8 feet. Foliage striped with vellow, very attractive.

MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. ZEBRINUS. 6 to 8 feet. Foliage striped with yellow, very attractive.

MISCANTHUS SINENSIS VAR. GRACILLIMUS. 6 to 8 feet. White midrib, very graceful, one of the best.

PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA VARIEGATA (Ribbon Grass). 2 to 3 feet. GROUND IVY (Nepeta). Splendid for covering embankments and for the rockery. GYPSOPHILA, see Baby's Breath.

HELEBORUS, see Christmas Rose.

HELENIUM AUTUMNALE (Sneezeweed). 6 to 7 feet. August and September. One of the best tall growing plants. Golden-yellow, excellent for cut flowers. HELENIUM AUTUMNALE VAR. RIVERTON GEM 4 to 5 feet. July to September. Flowers of the deepest bronzy red, a most desirable plant.

September. Flowers of the deepest bronzy red, a most desirable plant.

HELIANTHUS, see Sun-flower.

HELIOPSIS LÆVIS. 4 to 5 feet. July to November. Hardy plant with rich yellow daisy-like flowers in great profusion, splendid for cut flowers.

HEMEROCALLIS (Yellow Lilies):

EARLY LEMON (H. minor). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Striking lemon yellow framework.

yellow, fragrant.

EARLY YELLOW (H. Dumorteri). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Striking lemon yellow, fragrant.

EARLY YELLOW (H. Dumorteri). 1 to 1½ feet. June. Deep yellow and fragrant, quite dwarf and makes a splendid foreground plant.

LEMON (H. flava). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Clear lemon yellow; fragrant. This old garden lily is a great favorite.

MIDDENDORF'S (H. Middendorffii). 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep galden yellow;

golden yellow. ORANGE MAN (H. var.). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Rich deep

orange; very beautiful.

ORANGE (H. fulva). 2 to 4 feet. July and August. This grand old lily is now much in demand. It is splendid for naturalizing in large masses. Special prices for naturalizing along drives, etc.

ORANGE VAR. KWANSO (H. var.). Rich orange red; semi-double; very

effective and desirable.

ORANGE VAR. KWANSO (H. var.). Rich orange red; semi-double; very effective and desirable.

ORANGE VAR. VARIEGATA (H. var.). A form of the orange lily with variegated green and white foliage, which forms a very striking effect.

THUNBERG'S (H. Thunbergii). Late blooming Lemon lily. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Fragrant and very desirable.

HEUCHERA SANGUINEA (Coral Bells). 1½ to 2 feet. July to October. Coral red, small, and produced in loose clusters.

HEUCHERA SKINNERI. 1 foot. June and July. Prettily cut and marbled foliage small bright nink flowers.

foliage, small bright pink flowers.
HOLLYHOCKS. Assorted colors. Double and single.
IRIS CRISTATA. 2 to 3 inch. April. Very dwarf. Dainty orchid-like flowers of pale blue.

IRIS GERMANICA (German Iris) (Fleur-de-Lis).

These splendid garden plants have been favorites for years, and are so hardy and easily grown and produce such a bountiful display of beautiful flowers, that they can be considered one of the most important of our garden plants. They are of easiest culture, requiring no special treatment, and will remain for years, even enduring neglect, and produce regularly each year their fine display of blooms.

VARIETIES.

Mid-season to late. Dwarf. Pale light blue, veined royal purple. $\mathbf{ARGUS}.$ AURIOLE. Late, medium dwarf, yellow, beautifully penciled deep velvety

purple.

BLUE-BIRD. Medium to tall and quite early, full, incurved, of a clear deep blue.

CANARY BIRD. Early to mid-season, medium grower, full, incurved, perfect form of clearest canary yellow.

CELESTE. Mid-season to late; clear pale blue, shaded darker, large fine

CELIA. Mid-season, medium, rosy blue veined purple.
CYPRIANA. Mid-season, tall, rich pale blue, splashed rich purple.
DALAMATICA. Mid-season to late, very tall, strong grower, full and beautifully formed flowers, pale blue, shaded with rose.

FOR PRICES OF THE ABOVE HERBACEOUS PLANTS SEE PAGE 31



Herbaceous Perennials

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



IRIS GERMANICA (German Iris) (Fleur-de-Lis)—Continued

DARIUS. Late, medium to tall. Clear yellow, splashed with purple, margin bordered with light yellow.

EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late, of strong vigor-ous habit; of the clearest deep yellow, freely splashed rosy purple. GARFIELD. Tall, medium to late, light blue, changing to rosy lilac on

margins. KHARPUT.

Mid-season to late, tall, clear blue suffused purple, immense flowers. VALLETTE.

Mid-season, medium to tall, good form, a clear pale blue. Mid-season, medium to tall, clear white, veined russet L'INNOCENCE. at base

MAD. CHEREAU. Late and tall, of beautiful and unique form; pale blue and penciled with darker blue on margin.

PALLIDA SPECIOSA. Very late and tall. Resembles the early Florentine in its full large form. Color rich blue, being suffused with velvety royal

purple.
POND POINT. Tall, very vigorous, very large and handsome, clearest deep blue.

PURPLE KING. Early, medium, large, deep purple.

QUEEN OF MAY. Medium to late, tall, perfect form, clearest rose slightly
buff at base, shading into clear rose veined with darker rosy-red.

QUEEN VICTORIA. Mid-season, medium grower, deep yellow suffused
with rose.

SAPPHO. Mid-season, medium to low grower, very free, perfect form, royal blue.

SILVER KING. The earliest of the tall large type, of ideal full form, and when first unfolding is of the softest pale blue, white at maturity.

IRIS LÆVIGATA or KÆMPFERI (Japanese Iris).

This splendid type of Iris is one of the most important of our strictly hardy permanent garden plants. For effective habit and georgeous display of color, it stands alone at its blossoming season, which is June 20th to July 20th.

VARIETIES.

BANDI-NO-NAMI (No. 4). Double, late, tall, vigorous, pure white, desirable variety

HO-O-JO (No. 11). Double, late, tall, maroon purple splashed white. JUNI-HITOYE (No. 9). Double, mid-season, very large, white overlaid

with delicate pale rose.

KUMO-NO-NYE. Late, double, splendid form, richest velvety royal blue, suffused slightly with royal purple, brilliant yellow throat.

PYRAMID. Early to late, free bloomer, of largest size and splendid form, segments light blue at base to deep blue on margin, suffused with royal

purple. SANO-WATASHI (No. 21). Mid-season, tall, pure white, very large. One

of the best.

IRIS OCHROLEUCA. 3 to 4 feet. June. A noble species, large pale yellow flowers, a most desirable variety.

IRIS ORIENTALIS SNOW QUEEN. 2 feet. June. A handsome variety with beautiful pure white flowers, very free flowering.

IRIS PSEUDACORUS. 3 to 5 feet. June. Very robust, flowers of medium size,

intense clear, deep yellow.

IRIS PUMILA (Hybrids).

izing.

This is a new race of charming Iris, intermediate between the early Pumila and Germanica, in time of blooming and size of flower.

VARIETIES.

ATROVIOLACEA. 6 to 10 inches. Medium dwarf, early to mid-season. Violet mauve to maroon red, paling to light on the margin. BRIDE. 12 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Ivory white, veined with green and

yellow

BRIDESMAID. 10 to 15 inches. Clear white, slightly splashed with light blue, veined with yellow and green.

CYANEA. 6 to 10 inches. Deep velvety blue, painted with white veinings.

EXCELSA. 8 to 12 inches. Clearest deep yellow with slight maroon splash-

ings, beautifully veined.

FAIRY. 10 to 15 inches. Pale blue to white, freely splashed with varying shades of blue from faint to the deepest blue.

FORMOSA. 6 to 12 inches. Royal blue to deepest royal purple, orange at

base IRIS SIBIRICA. 2 to 3 feet. June. Robust growers, foliage somewhat like the Japan Iris, flowers borne on slender stems, well up above the foliage; color, clear rich blue. Flowers are somewhat larger than our native field Iris. In bloom with the late German Iris. Very desirable and especially so for natural-

FOR PRICES OF THE ABOVE HERBACEOUS PLANTS SEE PAGE 31



THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



IRIS SIBIRICA ALBA. Similar to preceding, but white.
IRIS SIBIRICA FL. PL. Double form. Blooms late, with the Japan Iris.
IRIS SIBIRICA VAR. ORIENTALIS. 2 to 3 feet. June. A beautiful Iris of the most vivid velvety deep blue, of medium size and blooming with great freedom.

LARKSPUR (Delphinium). 3 to 6 feet. June to September. These handsome plants are invaluable for the hardy border, while for massing, their gorgeous effects are unrivalled. The prevailing color in the group is blue, which is the most uncommon color in Herbaceous plants, varying from the palest lavender to deepest purple.
LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA (Kansas Gay Feather). 4 to 6 feet. July to August.

Attractive plants, producing spikes of rosy-purple.

LILIES (Garden Varieties).

AMARYLLIS HALLI. 2 feet. July and August. Beautiful flowers in umbels. 3 to 4 inches across, of a delicate lilac pink, very attractive. BLACKBERRY LILY. (Belamcanda chinensis). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. CORAL LILY (L. tenuifolium). One of the most delicate and charming species. 1 to 2 feet high, with 1 to 15 or more nodding rich scarlet flowers. ELEGANS LILY. Vigorous growing, producing an abundance of bright orange-red flowers on upright stems.

GOLDEN-BANDED (L. auratum). This is a most popular lily. No species ever had so much general favor. Flowers white, with a central golden

orange-red flowers on upright stems.

GOLDEN-BANDED (L. auratum). This is a most popular lily. No species ever had so much general favor. Flowers white, with a central golden band and numerous deep purple spots. Height, 2 to 6 feet. July and August. HANSON'S (L. maculatum). Attains a height of 3 feet. Flowers reddish orange, six to ten in a cluster; petals thick and durable.

LILY OF THE VALLEY (Convallaria majalis). A popular favorite and once planted increases in beauty for many years.

MADONNA (L. candidum). Handsome, large, fragrant, pure white flowers. Easy of culture; does best when left undisturbed after planting.

SPECIOSUM RED (L. speciosum rubrum). One of the most showy of lilies of medium height and not difficult to grow in any good garden soil. Like the following other than color, which is rosy-red, beautifully marked.

SPECIOSUM WHITE (L. speciosum album). One of the best garden lilies; purest white. Very hardy.

SPECIOSUM YELLOW (L. Henryi). A beautiful deep orange-yellow variety of the preceding, easily grown and very showy. 75 cents each.

TIGER LILY VAR. SPLENDENS (L. tigrinum). This is an improved Tiger Lily and a most beautiful lily for general use.

TIGER LILY VAR. DOUBLE (L. tigrinum var. fl. pl.). Similar to above other than the flowers which are quite double. Very desirable.

TURK'S CAP (L. superbum). This native lily is one of the finest and most hardy of all lilies. It often attains a height of 6 feet, and produces a large number of flowers. Its flowers are bright orange in color with dark spots.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 3 feet. August and September. Rich, fiery red flowers, handsome for the border.

LOTUS CORNICULATUS (Baby's Slippers). July to November. Bright yellow; spreading on the ground. Good foreground border plant.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA (Scarlet Lightning). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Very fine border plant.

Very fine border plant.

LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. SPLENDENS (Ragged Robin). 12 to 15 inches.

May and June. Produces masses of very brilliant rose-colored flowers, resem-

May and June. Produces masses of very brilliant rose-colored flowers, resembling Scotch Pinks.

LYSIMACHIA NUMMULARIA (Creeping Jenny). June and July. A splendid cover plant. Brilliant, showy, yellow flowers.

LYTHRUM ROSEUM (Loosestrife Purple). 3 to 4 feet high. July and August. Long branching spikes of attractive pink flowers.

MALLOW SWAMP ROSE (Hibiscus moscheutos rosea). 3 to 4 feet. August and September. A tall thrifty plant desirable for a sunny place. Flowers large, rose-colored and very showy.

MALLOW VAR. CRIMSON EYE (H. moscheutos var.). 4 to 5 feet. August and September. Pure white, with deep crimson eye. Perfectly hardy either in common garden soil or very wet place.

MALLOW, RED MARVEL. Similar to the preceding, the best of this type. Bright rosy red.

MONKSHOOD (Aconitum autumnale). 5 to 6 feet. September, October.

MYRTLE BLUE (Vinca minor). One of the best evergreen plants for covering the ground.

the ground.

MYRTLE WHITE (Vinca minor var. alba). A pure white variety.

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS. 6 to 8 inches. Foliage evergreen and very much resembles our interesting native wood plant, Princess Pine.

PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS VARIEGATA. A variegated form.

PÆONIES, see page 36.

PEA PERENNIAL (Lathyrus latifolius). 5 to 6 feet. June to October.

PENTSTEMON BARBATUS. July and August. 2 to 3 feet. Brilliant red tubelike flowers in loose panicles.

like flowers in loose panicles.



THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



PAEONIES (Herbaceous)

HE Paony is today without a rival as the favorite of all hardy garden flowers, and quite naturally so, as no other hardy garden plant thrives with as little special care and produces so fine a display of gorgeous blooms. The great diversity of color and form, which can now be obtained with the new and improved varieties, very much increases their value.

SELECTED LIST OF VARIETIES.

NOTE.The number to the left of the variety indicates the sizes we have to offer.

ABORA. Single, early, very full. Wild rose, holding its color well. ALBATRE. Large creamy white, very free, late. BOULE DE NEIGE. White, lightly sulphured. Centre bordered with 1, 3. 1, 2, 3. 1, 2, 3.

1, 2, 3.

carmine.

CANARI. White, with yellow center.

COURONNE D'OR. Late tall, guard petals white, center petals creamy white splashed carmine, very large. \$0.75.

ELEGANS CARNEA. Early to mid-season, tall, free, satin pink guards,

1, 2, 3.

center petals lighter.

EUGENIE VERDIER. Mid-season, tall, free, very large and full, opening a delicate hydrangea-pink, at maturity a creamy white, choice

variety. \$1.25.

FELIX CROUSSE. Mid-season, large, compact, bright red, free.
FESTIVA ALBA (syn. Queen Victoria and Alba Superba). Double 1, 2, 3. 1, 2, 3.

sulphury white.

FESTIVA MAXIMA. By many considered the best white yet introduced, both in color and form. Of the purest white, splashed with a 1, 2, 3. few streaks of crimson

FRANCIS ORTEGAT. Deep maroon red, broad glossy petals, shows 1, 2, 3.

1, 2, 3.

yellow center.
GOLIATH. Single, early free, dazzling red, abundance of yellow stamens.
GRANDIFLORA ROSEA. Mid-season, very free, delicate shell-pink.
HERMES. Single, early medium grower. Deep maroon red, showing 1, 2, 3. yellow stamens.

LEE'S GRANDIFLORA. Very late, vigorous grower, very full blooms

1, 2, 3. of rosy red.

L'ILLUSTRATION. Mid-season to late. Tall, good form, uniform color 1, 2, 3.

of light rose.
L'INDISPENSABLE. Mid-season. Guard petals creamy white, center 1, 2.

petals shaded deep pink.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE. Late, free, deep carmine-rose.

MADAM DE VERNEVILLE. Sulphur white, center delicate rosy white with an accidental touch of carmine. 1, 2, 3.

MADAM FOREL. Late, tall, vigorous, deep rose pink, tipped silvery pink, very compact. \$0.75.

MARIE LEMOINE. Delicate ivory white, full center, very late.

MODELE OF PERFECTION. Late, free, large. Guard petals light rose, center petals shaded darker.

OFFICINALIS FLORA PLENA. Double crimson. Piny of the old 1, 2, 3.

2, 3.

gardens, always desirable.

PRINCESS BEATRICE. Mid-season, very free. Guard petals satiny pink, center creamy white splashed light pink.

REINE HORTENSE. Late flowering; light rose and full to the center.

RUBRA TRIUMPHANS. Bright carmine, almost a single flower.

SOMEGANOKO. Single, rosy lilac flushed with crimson, producing an

1, 2, 3. 1, 2, 3. 2, 3.

unique appearance.
TENUIFOLIA FLORA PLENA. Double crimson. Deeply-cut fern-3.

like foliage.

ZOE CALOT. Fine rose, with lighter rose center. A charming sort. 1, 2, 3. We have many other varieties on trial which will be listed as they prove desirable.

Prices for Herbaceous Paeonies, unless otherwise noted.

Numbers to the left of the variety indicate the sizes of that variety we have to offer.

\$85.00 per 100 60.00 per 100 40.00 per 100 Extra size, very heavy...\$1.00 each \$9.00 per 10 No. 1. No. 2. No. 3. 6.50 per 10 4.50 per 10

June 7, 1917.

[&]quot;The Paeonies that you sent last week arrived in good condition. I wish to express my appreciation of the fine plants that you sent me earlier in the season. They have all done well."



THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



PHLOX AMENA. 3 to 5 inches. April and May. Very desirable for carpeting the ground and for rockeries. Bright pink.

PHLOX DIVARICATA (Wild Sweet William). 6 to 8 inches. April and May. Lilac, showy; very attractive and desirable.

PHLOX OVATA. 5 to 6 inches. May. Low mat of evergreen foliage. Rosy pink. April and May. Very desirable for carpeting

6 to 8 inches. April and May.

PHLOX PANICULATA. Perfectly hardy, easy to make thrive, and producing gorgeous color effects. The following list has been selected from our large collection as comprising the cream of the distinct colors.

VARIETIES.

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL. Bright salmon-pink with lighter shadings,

ELIZABETH CAMPBELL. Bright salmon-pink with lighter shadings, distinct eye, a much wanted shade in Phlox.

FERNAND CORTEZ. Deep crimson, very dark center.

FRAU ANTON BUCHNER. Dwarf, large trusses of pure white flowers.

GENERAL VON HEUTSZ. Medium, searlet, shaded rose with crimson-red eye, a very desirable variety.

INDEPENDENCE. Tall grower, fine large creamy white flowers.

L'EVENEMENT. Dwarf, bright, soft pink, tinted salmon, very showy.

MADAME MEURET. Tall, rich salmon, center deep carmine.

PANTHEON. Tall bright rose, flowers very large.

PEACH BLOW. Medium, delicate pink, rose center.

RICHARD WALLACE. Tall, pure white with bright crimson center, large flowers in immense panicles.

SELMA. Soft, pale rose, distinct red eye; very effective.

SELMA. Soft, pale rose, distinct red eye; very effective. SIEBOLD. Bright vermillion-red, over-laid with orange-scarlet, crimson-

SIEBOLD. Bright vermillion-red, over-laid with orange-scarlet, crimson-red eye, very effective.

TAPIS BLANC. Large pure white flowers, very dwarf, splendid for edging Phlox beds and massing in the hardy border.

VON HOCHBERG. Tall, the ideal Crimson Phlox, the richest of its color. PHLOX SUBULATA (Moss Pink). 3 to 4 inches. May. Forms low, flat masses of evergreen foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color. VAR. ALBA. A white form of the above. VAR. ATRO-RUBRA. Clear deep claret. VAR. SADIE. White, shaded with lilace

of evergreen foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color.
VAR. ALBA. A white form of the above.
VAR. ATRO-RUBRA. Clear deep claret.
VAR. SADIE. White, shaded with lilac.
PHLOX SUFFRUTICOSA (Variety Miss Lingard). White with pink eye.
Blooms several weeks earlier than paniculata type.
PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINIANA (False Dragon Head). 3 to 4 feet. July and
August. Effective spikes of clear pink flowers.
PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINIANA VAR. ALBA. A white form of above.
PINKS, MAIDEN (Dianthus deltoides). 6 to 10 inches. May to July.
PINKS, SCOTCH (Dianthus plumarius). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink.
PINKS, SCOTCH (Dianthus plumarius). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink.
PINKS, SCOTCH (Dianthus plumarius). 1 to 2 feet. July to Sept.
PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM (Balloon Flower). 2 to 3 feet. June to
October. Large blue bell-like flowers.
PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. ALBUM. A white form.
POPPY ORIENTAL (Papaver orientale). 2 to 3 feet. June and July.
PRIMROSE EVENING (Enothera serrulata). 1 foot. May and June.
PRIMROSE (Enothera missouriensis). July. Large yellow flowers.
PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Pink Daisy). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Graceful
daisy-like flowers in many shades of white, pink and red, excellent for cut flowers.
ROCK ROSE (Helianthemum croceum). 12 to 15 inches. Very pretty low growing
evergreen plant with beautiful orange colored flowers.
RODGERSIA PODOPHYLLA. 3 feet. June and July. A stately plant.
RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL. (Golden Glow).
RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL. (Golden Glow).
RUDBECKIA MAXIMA. 4 to 5 feet. August and September. A stately plant
with large glaucous foliage and great showy flowers of clear bright yellow.
RUDBECKIA SUTIDA, AUTUMN SUN. 4 to 6 feet. September and October.
Long broad petals of bright yellow, very attractive. Excellent for cut flowers.
RUDBECKIA SPECIOSA VAR. NEWMANII. 2 to 3 feet. July and August.
Pure yellow, dark disc.
RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to

Pure yellow, dark disc.

RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.

SEA HOLLY (Eryngium planum). 3 to 4 feet. July to August. Finely cut shiny foliage with thistle-like flowers of amethystine blue.

SEDUM (Stone Crop). A most interesting class of plants, all easily grown and indispensable for rock-gardening.

ACRE 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

Indispensable for rock-gardening.

ACRE. 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

ALBUM. 3 to 4 inches. July and August. White, red center.

KAMSCHATICUM. 6 inches. June to August. Yellow flowers.

OPPOSITIFOLIUM. 3 to 4 inches. July. White fllower. Opposite leaved.

PALLIDUM ROSEUM. 3 to 4 inches. June and July. Rosy pink flowers.

PULCHELLUM. 4 to 6 inches. July and August. Rosy purple.

REFLEXUM. 4 to 6 inches. July and August. Yellow flowers.

FOR PRICES OF THE ABOVE HERBACEOUS PLANTS SEE PAGE 31



THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



SEDUM (Stone Crop)—Continued

SEXANGULIARE. 4 to 6 inches. June to August. Yellow flowers.
SIEBOLDI. 3 to 4 inches. August to September. Flowers bright pink.
SPECTABILE (Showy Sedum). 1 to 2 feet. September and October. A
splendid garden plant, with snowy flat umbels of rosy pink.
SPECTABILE ATROPURPUREUM. 1 to 2 feet. September and October.
A variety of the above with deeper colored blossoms.
SPURIUM. 4 to 6 inches. May to June Pink flowers trailing stome.

SPURIUM. 4 to 6 inches. May to June. Pink flowers, trailing stems.
TOMENTOSUM. 3 to 4 inches. June and July. Yellow flowers.
TURKESTANICUM. 6 inches. September and October. Pink flowers.
SEMPERVIVUM PYRENAICUM (Houseleek or Hen and Chickens). 6 inches.
SHASTA DAISY, see Daisy.
SNEEZE WEED, see Helenium.
SPIDERWORT see Tradecompt.

SNEEZE WEED, see Helenium.

SPIDERWORT, see Tradescantia.

SPIRÆA ARUNCUS (Aruncus sylvester). 5 to 6 feet. May and June. Creamy white. A desirable background plant for herbaceous borders.

SPIRÆA CHINENSIS (Astilbe chinensis). 2 to 3 feet. June. Pink to rose.

SPIRÆA FILIPENDULA DOUBLE (Ulmaria filipendula fl. pl.). 2 to 3 feet.

May and June. Beautiful fern-like foliage which remains fresh and green throughout the year. Double white flowers produced on spikes. Very graceful.

SPIRÆA JAP. VAR. GRANDIFLORA. 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

SPIRÆA PALMATA (U. purpurea var.). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Light

SPIRÆA PALMATA (U. purpurea var.). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Light pink.

SPIRÆA PENTAPETALA (U. pentapetala var. fl. pl.). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Old garden plant; pure white flowers on spikes and very attractive. STACHYS BETONICA (Betony). 1 foot. June. Attractive, clear pink spikes. STATICE LATIFOLIUM (Sea Lavender). 1 to 2 feet. August and September. A beautiful plant producing a cluster of broad evergreen leaves from 4 to 8 inches long, bearing small blue flowers in profusion. Thrives at seashore. SUNFLOWER, GRACEFUL (Helianthus orgyalis). 5 to 7 feet. October and November. Tall, graceful variety, flower rich golden yellow.

SUNFLOWER, MAXIMILIAN (H. Maximiliani). 4 to 6 feet. August to October. Fine golden yellow, valuable, late flowering plant.

SUNFLOWER, MISS MELLISH (H. rigidus var.). 5 to 7 feet. July to September. Sparingly branched; rough; flowers rich yellow. One of the best. SWEET WILLIAM, see Pinks.

THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM (Hardy Maidenhair). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Foliage delicately arranged and graceful. THYMUS CITRIODORA AUREA (Golden Thyme). Trailing. Orange scented. TRADESCANTIA VIRGINIANA (Spiderwort). 1 to 2 feet. June to August. Blue; grass-like foliage.

Blue; grass-like foliage.
TRADESCANTIA VIRGINIANA ALBA. White form, and very attractive.
VALERIANA OFFICINALIS (Garden Heliotrope). 4 to 6 feet. June and July.

White, fragrant. An old garden favorite. VERONICA INCANA (Hoary Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Blue

VERONICA LONGIFOLIA VAR. SUBSESSILIS. 2 to 3 feet. July and September. Lovely spikes of the deepest clear blue make this plant very desirable, especially at their time of blooming, when blue flowers are very rare.

VERONICA SPICATA. 2 feet. June and July. Long spikes of blue flowers.

VERONICA SPICATA ROSEA. 2 feet. July. Spikes of bright rose flowers.

VERONICA SPICATA ROSEA. 2 feet. July. Spikes of bright rose nowers.

VINCA, see Myrtle.

YARROW, THE PEARL (Achillea ptarmica var. fl. pl.). 1 to 2 feet. May to October. Double white. A very effective plant, especially when in bloom.

YARROW BOULE de NEIGE (Ball of Snow). An improvement on the preceding.

YARROW, RED (A. Millefolium var.). 1 to 3 feet. June to October. Wine-red flowers, with aromatic fern-like foliage, which is very ornamental.

YARROW, WOOLLY (A. tomentosum). 8 to 10 inches. June and July. A very attractive little plant, with handsome, deeply cut foliage, and bright golden yellow flowers most suitable for the rockery.

YELLOW LILLIES, see Hemerocallis.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA. One of the most valuable plants in cultivation for general garden and landscape planting. Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, forms an attractive clump of foliage, from which appears in July and August, tall and stately spikes 3 to 6 feet high, bearing large panicles of white lillies, which are most picturesque and decorative.

FOR PRICES OF THE ABOVE HERBACEOUS PLANTS SEE PAGE 31

"Enclosed find check in payment of bill recently rendered. Perennial stock arrived in good condition, especially pleased with Yucca plants. Will advise later in regard to spring shipments."

H. B. Scofield, 677 Boston Ave., Bridgeport, Ct.



HARDY ROSES



HOICE HARDY GARDEN ROSES are a special feature of our business, many thousands of them being sold annually from our large fields of roses at Woodmont, Conn. Most experienced buyers of roses prefer strong field-grown stock, all ready to make a good showing of both vigorous growth and blossoms. This is the only grade we offer. Any Rose plants we may have that do not come up to this standard are left in the field to grow on for another year before being offered for sale, so purchasers can depend on the roses we send out always being of a uniform grade.

Distance Apart to Plant. Rose gardens are usually most effective when planted in beds or borders wide enough to allow for at least three rows of plants. This is, of course, subject to local conditions. If planted in beds seven feet wide this allows for three rows set $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and a margin of a foot for outside borders. A rose bed ten feet long and seven feet wide will call for one dozen roses if planted $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart each way. A rose bed twenty-five feet long requires thirty plants. It is desirable to place the strongest growing varieties in the center row. If the border is in the foreground of a fence, wall or other dividing line, the strongest growing roses should be planted in the back row, also climbing roses should be planted in the background about six feet apart, and trained over some support. This will add to the effect and the climbing roses will not interfere with the others. It is desirable, when a number of roses are used, to plant enough of each kind in a group to produce a solid effect of color.

If desiring advice on Rose-Gardens, we will be glad to have you inquire of us for general information. We are sure we can assist you.

Directions for planting card may be had by applying at our office.

Hybrid Tea and other Perpetual Blooming Roses

These roses are the product of crossing the hybrid-perpetual-roses with the tender tea-roses. They are, as a class, not so strong growers as the hybrid-perpetuals, and not quite so hardy to extremes of winter, but will repay any extra care they may demand for protection. The flowers have all the refinement of the tea-roses in color, texture and fragrance, and bloom quite freely during the summer. There is now no excuse for not having in the Northern gardens, a profusion of beautiful roses during the entire summer, and as fine ones as anywhere in the world.

VARIETIES.

- *Caroline Testout. Large. Clear bright rose color. Very sweet.
- *Gruss an Teplitz. Color scarlet shading to velvety crimson, very fragrant.
- Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Carmine changing to imperial pink. Very fragrant.
- *Killarney. A charming pink rose.
- Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. An extra fine white variety; perfect in form.
- *La France. Delicate, silvery rosechanging to silvery pink; very large, full.
- Laurent Carle. Brilliant velvety carmine, large, very free.

- Madame Ravary. A deep orangeyellow becoming lighter as the flower expands.
- *Maman Cochet. Large, full, clear carmine.
- Radiance. Brilliant carmine pink, with yellow shadings at base of petals.
- White Killarney. A pure white variety of the now well-known Killarney.
- White Maman Cochet. Pure white, tinged pink.
- *Wm. R. Smith. Large creamy-white with rose shadings, elegant form.

Varieties marked * we consider a desirable collection of six.

PRICES of above Roses, Strong, 2 years old, field grown, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 per 10, \$37.50 per 100.



HARDY ROSES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES INC.



Hybrid Perpetual Roses

This splendid class of vigorous, hardy roses is the result of crossing the favorite old garden roses with the less vigorous and less hardy tea roses. This crossing has resulted in producing a race of roses which not only bloom freely at the usual rose season, but at intervals during the summer and fall. Such favorites as the General Jaqueminot, etc., belong to this class. If restricted to a few gardenroses, one can safely select them from among the Hybrid-Perpetual class. VARIETIES.

Alfred Colomb. Brilliant crimson. Very large full form. Extremely fragrant. nne De Diesbach. (Syn. Glory of France). Carmine, a beautiful shade;

very large. A superior variety.

Baron De Bonstetten. Rich velvety
maroon; large, full. A splendid sort.

Baroness Rothschild. Palé, satiny-rose, very large.

large, full, very fine. Captain Crimson-carmine,

Clio. Flowers large, of fine globular form, flesh color, shaded in the center *†Clio.

form, flesh color, shaded in the center with rosy-pink; growth vigorous.

Conrad F. Meyer. Large, silvery-pink flowers, very full with delicate perfume. †Eugene Furst. Velvety crimson, darker shadings. Large and very full. Fisher Holmes. Rich crimson, shaded scarlet. Large, full, and very free. †Francois Levet. Cherry-pink; medium size; well formed; vigorous habit. *†Frau Karl Druschki. Flowers very large, beautiful, pure white. One of

large, beautiful, pure white. One of the best white hybrid perpetuals. *†General Jacqueminot. Brilliant crim-

son; not full, but large and extremely effective; fragrant, excellent habit.
†George Arends. A seedling of F. K. Druschki with the same free blooming qualities. Delicate rose-pink, large and very full.

Hugh Dickson. Crimson shaded with scarlet, large and full.J. B. Clark. Scarlet, shaded with crim-

son, vigorous grower.

Jules Margottin. Carmine-rose, fine in open flower and in bud.

†Madame Gabriel Luizet. Pink, dis-

tinct, very large, cup shaped.
*†Magna Charta. Pink, suffused with

carmine; full globular. Margaret Dickson. Of magnificent form; white, with pale flesh center; petals very large, shell shaped.

Marshall P. Wilder. Large, well formed;

color cherry-carmine.

†Mrs. John Laing. Soft pink; produced

on strong stems.

†Mrs. R. G. Sharman Crawford. Rosypink, outer petals shaded with flesh.

Nova Zembla. This is a pure white,

beautifully formed rose, very fragrant,

beautifully formed rose, very fragrant, vigorous and free blooming.
†Paul Neyron. Deep rose color; by far the largest variety in cultivation.
Prince Camille de Rohan. Deep velvety crimson; large, moderately full.
Tom Wood. Cherry-red, full, finely formed, borne on long stems.
*†Ulrich Brunner. Brilliant cherry-red, a very effective color.
Victor Verdier. Bright rose, with carmine center.

mine center.

duced in great abundance; vigorous,

surrounded with a mossy fringe and

crest. A fragrant and very beautiful

York and Lancaster. Handsome large

Bright yellow, small,

Deep pink colored buds

Varieties marked * we consider a desirable collection of six. Varieties marked † we consider a desirable collection of twelve.

Other Choice Hardy Garden Roses

These are mostly the old garden favorities which are dear to the hearts of most rose lovers, and every garden can find a place for them.

Blanche Moreau (Moss). Pure white, Madam Plantier. Pure white. Pro-

bushy habit.

Persian Yellow.

nearly full. Salet (Moss).

moss rose.

large, full, and of perfect form.

amask. Popular old-time rose of de-

lightful fragrance and delicate, almost tea rose like delicacy in the opening Pink.

arrison's Yellow. Golde medium size, semi-double. Harrison's Golden-yellow, bloomer.

Hugonis. Species from China, early, single, pale yellow, very vigorous, \$1.00. liet. The outside of petals an old-gold, inside rosy-red.

semi-double blooms, splashed and striped bright red, white and yellowish tints. PRICES of above Roses, Strong, 2 years old, field grown, 50 cents each, \$4.50 per 10, \$37.50 per 100, unless otherwise noted.

Roses, Native Species, Etc.
For Mass Planting and Shrubbery Borders

Single pink. Showy bright red fruits in fall. Brilliant crimson twigs in winter.

Lucida. Dwarf, native, rose-pink. Foliage beautiful autumn coloring.

Lucida var. White. Attractive pure white form of preceding.

ngosa. Flowers single, of a most beautiful rosy-red succeeded by large Rugosa. berries of a rich-orange red color. Rugosa var. White. Single pure white

flowers, highly shrub-like rose highly scented; a splendid

pinosissima. (Scotch). Dainty little rose, seldom getting larger than two Spinosissima. feet. Flowers light rose-pink to white. PRICES of the six preceding, Strong, 2 years old, field grown, 35 cts. each, \$3.00 per 10, \$25.00 per 100.



HARDY ROSES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES INC.



Rambler Roses and other Hardy Climbing Roses

With the advent of the Ramblers, we have a class of roses of such vigorous growth, that almost any garden structure can be completely festooned with an effective growth of vine, glossy foliage and an abundance of bloom rivaling the famed California gardens. To get best results with the Rambler Roses, it is necessary that they be well fertilized, as these roses are hearty feeders. This can be done to best advantage at the time the ground is being prepared for planting.

VARIETIES

Alberic Barbier. Creamy-white, canary-yellow in center. Attractive foliage.

American Pillar. Vigorous grower. Single, clear pink.

Anne of Gerstein. Dark crimson. Hybrid sweet brier.

Baltimore Belle. Pale blush, becoming nearly white; compact and fine.

Christine Wright. A bright wild rosepink. Blooms produced singly and in clusters. Vigorous grower.

Climbing American Beauty. Vigorous grower, hardy, blooms very large and full, color rosy-crimson.

Crimson Rambler. This wonderful Japanese Rose is one of the most important and valuable acquisitions of recent years.

Dorothy Perkins. Very double and are borne in clusters of ten to twenty. The color is a clear shell-pink.

Excelsa. Known as the Red Dorothy Perkins, very full blooms of crimsonmaroon, tips of petals scarlet.

Hiawatha. Single, bright ruby-red, white center with dark yellow anthers.

Lady Gay. Similar to the popular Dorothy Perkins, but lighter in color.

Multiflora. A charming species. Great clusters of white single flowers, showy red fruits which last all winter.

Philadelphia Rambler. The blooms are larger than the Crimson Rambler and full to the center and of a deeper crimson color.

Prairie Queen. Bright rosy-red, extra.

Setigera. The Michigan or Prairie
Rose. Large single flowers of a deep
rose color.

Source D'or. Golden-yellow. Glossy foliage, vigorous.

Sweet Brier. Old favorite, fragrant foliage.

Tausendschon, or Thousand Beauties. Charming, strong grower. Flowers in large clusters varying from creamypink to bright-red, all in the same cluster.

Trier. Creamy-white with dark yellow anthers and are borne in large clusters.

White Dorothy. Same habits of growth and freedom of flowering as Dorothy Perkins, but with pure white blooms.

Wichuriana. Memorial rose, trailing species, pure white, single.

William C. Egan. Bloom is large, very full, clear flesh color.

For prices, see foot of this page.

Baby Rambler and Hybrid Polyantha Roses

These dwarf bushy roses have many uses. Hardy and continuously in bloom throughout the entire growing season, they offer great opportunities. These little roses are very useful as a border or foreground in beds, or borders of taller growing sorts, for low hedges of brilliant color, and for planting in groups in the herbaceous garden, etc.

Aennchen Muller. Brilliant carminepink.

Baby Dorothy. Dwarf rose with large clusters of blooms, same color as the popular variety Dorothy Perkins.

Baby Rambler. Dwarf rose with great clusters of blooms of same color as Crimson Rambler. Blooms all summer.

Baby Tausendchon. (Louise Walter).
Flowers large and semi-double of
flesh-pink color. Shadings identical
with the popular climbing Tausendschon.

Clothilde Soupert. Very double, pearlywhite. Erna Teschendorff. Flowers vivid crimson. Very free. One of the brightest of this type.

Jessie. Cherry-red with white center. Very free bloomer. Compact habit.

Orleans. Deep geranium-red with a showy center of white, large truss. One of the most desirable of the dwarf polyanthas.

White Baby Rambler. (Katherine Zemet). White, very free and continuous bloomer. Compact habit.

Yvonne Rabier. Pure white, full and free bloomer. Clean foliage. Strong grower.

PRICES of above roses, Strong 2 years old, field grown, 50 cts. each, \$4.50 per 10, \$37.50 per 100.





RUIT growing on a large scale is one of the country's profitable industries. The fortunate few who have large orchards of bearing apples and other fruit trees, which have been properly cared for, are now reaping rich rewards. No part of the United States offers better opportunities than New England for the producing of highly flavored and richly colored fruit. In a lesser way, the home acre and the smaller city garden, offer opportunities for the producing of an abundant crop of fruit which should not be neglected. Aside from the utility feature, there is the genuine pleasure, delight and healthful recreation which is a reward for those who set out and care for a few trees, vines, and berry plants.

Apples

Summer Varieties.

d.

d.

d. sd.

d.

ε.

Devonshire Quarrenden. Medium size. Early, red, firm, juicy. Abundant bearer. August and September.

Early Harvest. Pale yellow, tart, tender, with a fine flavor.

Gladstone. Medium, dull red, crisp, juicy. Early.

Oldenburg. Medium, yellow streaked, juicy. August to September.

Red Astrachan. Large, nearly covered with deep crimson; juicy and tart.

Sudley. Large, striped red, handsome. August to September.

Sweet Bough. Large, yellow, sweet, tender and juicy.

Worcester Pearmain. Medium, red, crisp, juicy. August to September.

Yellow Transparent. Pale yellow when ripe; flesh tender, juicy, sub-acid; a free grower and early bearer. d.sd.

Autumn Apples.

Allington Pippin. Medium, streaks of red on the sunny side.
excellent. Abundant bearer. November to January.
Charles Ross. Large, very handsome. November. d.

d.

Fall Pippin. Large, roundish oblong; yellow; flesh tender, rich and delicious. s.

sd.

- October to December.

 Gravenstein. Large, pale yellow, crisp. October to December.

 Maiden Blush. Large, pale yellow, red cheeks, flesh tender and pleasant.

 September to October. s.
- Peasgood's Nonsuch. Large, green-yellow, flushed red. Sept. to Nov. Pound Sweet. Very large, yellow, very good flavor, esteemed for cooking. Pott's Seedling. Large, pale yellow, free bearer. September to November. Professor. Medium, pale yellow flaked crimson. September to November. Snow or Famuese. Medium size. Crimson, inside snow-white. Tender, s. d. d.
- sd.

delicious. November to January.

The Queen. Large, green-yellow, tender, juicy. September to November.

Wealthy. Medium, deep red, juicy, fine quality, productive. October.

Winter Apples.

sd.

8. 8.

- d.
- Baldwin. Large, bright red, crisp, juicy and rich; very productive.

 Ben Davis. A large, handsome, striped apple of good quality.

 Bietigheimer. Large, yellow freely splashed red, juicy.

 Blenheim. Large, sweet, red streaks, juicy. December to February.

 Cox Orange Pippin. Greenish-yellow. Medium size, handsome, richly flavored; heavy bearer, fine dessert apple. November to February.

 Delicious. Large, bright red, highest quality.

 James Grieve. Medium, fine flavor, first rate bearer.

 King. A superb red apple of the largest size and finest quality: good bearer. d. s.

d.

King. A superb red apple of the largest size and finest quality; good bearer, vigorous grower. November to January. sd.

- vigorous grower. November to January.

 McIntosh. Medium, deepest crimson, finest quality.

 Rhode Island Greening. Well known and popular; fruit rather acid; excellent both for dessert and cooking.

 Roxbury Russet. Medium size; crisp, juicy; hardy and a long keeper.

 Seek-no-further. Medium size, handsome. October to January.

 Yellow Newtown (Pippin). Large, striped, flesh juicy, crisp and aromatic. sd.sd.
- d.
 - "s" to left of name indicates standard only.
 "d" to left of name indicates dwarf only.
 "ed" to left of name indicates both standard and dwarf.

PRICES OF APPLES SEE PAGE 43



FRUIT TREES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



Prices of Apples-Standard.

4 to 5 feet, 35 cts. each; \$3.00 per 10; \$18.00 per 100. 5 to 6 feet, selected, 50 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10; \$20.00 per 100. 6 to 9 feet, transplanted, \$1.00 to \$5.00 each. Write for available list of transplanted sizes.

Prices of Apples-Dwarf.

2 to 3 feet, selected, 35 cts. each; \$3.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100. 3 to 4 feet, selected, 50 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 4 to 5 feet, selected, 75 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10; \$45.00 per 100. 5 to 7 feet; bearing size, \$1.00 to \$6.00 each. Send for available list of varieties.

Triune Apple Trees.

Three varieties on each tree. Novelty for City gardens.

Triune Red. Varieties, Red Astrachan, Gravenstein and Baldwin.

Triune Yellow. Varieties, Early Harvest, Primate and Hubbardston.

Prices specimen trees 7 to 9 feet, \$3.00 to \$4.00 each.

Crabapples

Hyslop. Large, deep crimson; very popular, late.

Transcendent. Tree immensely productive, early bearer.
pies. Juicy and crisp; skin yellow, striped with red.

Prices same as standard apples.

Excellent for sauces and

Pears Standard only

Summer Pears.

Bartlett. Buttery, very juicy and highly flavored; bears early and abundantly. Clapp Favorite. Very large, yellowish and melting; flushed red on sunny side. Wilder. One of the best early pears of fair quality.

Autumn Pears

Kieffer. An early and very prolific bearer; wonderfully showy.

Seckel. Small, yellowish-brown; flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy,

buttery.

Sheldon. Medium size; greenish-russet; melting, juicy, with a very brisk, highly perfumed flavor.

Worden. Similar to Seckel, but more vigorous grower, equally as fine flavor.

Winter Pears.

Anjou. Large, greenish, sprinkled with russet; flesh buttery, with a rich flavor. Lawrence. Yellow, covered with brown dots; flesh whitish, buttery, rich, aromatic.

Prices of Pears.

5 to 6 feet, selected, 75 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 6 to 8 feet, transplanted, \$1.00 to \$6.00 each. Write for available list of transplanted sizes.

Cherries

Sweet Varieties. (Oxheart)

Tartarian. Very large, bright purplish-black, tender, juicy and of rich flavor. Wood. Large, nearly white, with red cheek, rich and juicy. One of the best. Windsor. Large, dark red, flesh remarkably firm, sweet and of fine quality; productive.

Tart Varieties.

Dyehouse. Large, red, fine flavor.

Eugenie. Large, dark red, rich flavor, very productive; mid-season.

May Duke. Large, dark red, juicy and rich flavored; very early.

Montmorency. Large, red, very productive.

Morello. Medium to large, blackish-red, rich, juicy and good; very productive.

Richmond. Dark red, melting, juicy, with tart flavor. One of the best.

Prices of Cherries.

20.00 per 10: \$35.00 per 100.

5 to 6 feet, 75 cts. each; \$6.00 per 10; \$35.00 per 100. 6 to 7 feet, \$1.00 each; \$8.00 per 10. Transplanted, \$1.00 to \$6.00 each. Write for available list of transplanted sizes.

Quinces

Apple of Orange. Large, roundish; bright golden-yellow, cooks tender; excellent flavor.

Bentley. Large and handsome, after the Orange quince type.

Champion. The tree is a prolific and constant bearer; fruit larger than the Orange.

Rea. Very large and a prolific bearer.

Prices of Quinces.

3 to 4 feet, 50 cts. each; \$4.00 per 10; \$25.00 per 100.

5 to 7 feet, transplanted, 75 cts. to \$3.00 each. Write for available list of transplanted sizes.



FRUIT TREES

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



Peaches

Beers. Very large; yellow, fine quality, productive, late.
Belle (Belle of Georgia). Very large, flesh white, excellent quality, mid-season.

Carman. Very large, juicy, white, very early.
Champion. Early, large size; sweet, rich, juicy, delicious; white with red cheek.
Early Crawford. Fruit large, oblong; skin yellow, red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy.

Elberta. Large; yellow, with red cheek; flesh yellow and of delicious flavor.

Late Crawford. Large size; skin yellow with a dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow, juicy

Mountain Rose. Large; roundish; skin whitish, almost covered dark rich red; flesh white.

Old Mixon. Skin yellowish-white, with deep red cheek; flesh white, red at the stone. St. John. Large, flesh deep yellow, very productive. One of the earliest yellow peaches.

Stump. Large; white, with bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy. Woodmont. Large, flesh deep yellow, fine flavor, very productive.

Prices of Peaches.

4 to 6 feet, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. 6 to 7 feet, extra selected, 50 cts. each; \$3.50 per 10.

Plums

Abundance. (Japan.) Amber; flesh yellow; juicy, tender, sweet; productive. September.

Bradshaw. A very large and fine early plum; dark violet-red; juicy and good. Burbank. (Japan.) Large; clear cherry-red; an abundant bearer. September. Golden Drop. Large size; oval, color light yellow, tender and sweet. Last of September.

Lombard. Medium size; oval, violet-red, flesh yellow; vigorous, great bearer. September.

(Japan.) Fruit large and uniform in size; color a reddish-purple. October Purple. Red June. (Japan.) Purplish-red; handsome; flesh yellow, good quality; very early.

Reine Claude. Large oval greenish-yellow, excellent flavor. September. Satsuma. (Japan.) Very large; deep red skin and flesh, good flavor; productive.

September. Shropshire. (Damson.) Medium; dark purple, very productive. September. Washington. Very large; color green splashed with red, juicy, sweet. One of the

Prices of Plums.

5 to 6 feet, 50 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10; \$25.00 per 100.

6 to 8 feet, transplanted, 75 cts. to \$5.00 each. Write for available list of transplanted sizes.

Grapes

Choice Hardy Garden Varieties

The wine grape, very rapid grower, rich flavor, berries small Bacchus. (Black.) in compact clusters.

Brighton. (Red.) Bunches large and well formed; berries medium to large, of good

flavor. Excellent early grape.

flavor is rich, sweet and delightful. Very early.

flavor is rich, sweet and delightful. Very early. Campbell.

large round berries. Flavor is rich, sweet and delightful. Very early. wba. (Red.) This excellent table and wine grape has round berries; when Catawba.

fully ripe they are a dark copper color.

Concord. (Black.) The fine market leader, with large, handsome clusters of large luscious berries. Entirely hardy, productive and reliable.

Diamond. (White.) This handsome and valuable grape is a seedling of Concord, the control of t

has the same sturdy qualities of vine, and ripens its fruit several weeks earlier.

Eaton. (Black.) Very large, a most delicious table grape of highest quality.

Green Mountain. (White). The earliest white grape. Vine vigorous, hardy and productive. Excellent quality.

Niagara. (White.) Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries and having a thin but tough skin. Tender, sweet and delightful.

Worden. (Black.) This seedling of Concord is larger than the type in bunch and berry of better flavor earlier as hardy and healthy in every way. berry, of better flavor, earlier, as hardy and healthy in every way.

Prices of Grapes.

2 years, usual size, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10; \$15.00 per 100. Extra, 3 years, 50 cts. each; \$4.50 per 10.



SMALL FRUITS

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY WOODMONT NURSERIES, INC.



Currants

Champion. Black, very large, unsurpassed for wine, jams and jelly.
Cherry. Red, a well known and popular variety.
Fay. Color deep red; great bearer; very large clusters.
Perfection. New red currant of fine quality; 2 years, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10.

White Grape. Very large yellowish-white; sweet or very mild acid.

Wilder. Red, a splendid current, vigorous, of best quality.

Prices of Currants. (Except Perfection.)

Usual size; 2 years, 15 cts. each; \$1.00 per 10; \$7.50 per 100. Extra strong fruiting size; 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10; \$18.00 per 100.

Blackberries

Eldorado. Berries are large, jet black; large clusters; sweet, melting, fine flavor.

Rathbun. Long stems in clusters; berry very large; sweet and luscious.

Snyder. Medium size, very hardy and enormously productive; has no hard core.

Prices of Blackberries.

8 cts. each; 65 cts. per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

Raspberries

Columbian. Purple; very large, and one of the best for canning.

Cumberland. Black; very large; firm and of good quality; mid-season.

Cuthbert. Red, a reliable variety; berries are large, conical and of a rich crimson color; flavor rich and luscious; hardy and productive; mid-season to late.

Kansas. Black, very large, fine flavor, mid-season. One of the best.

Queen. Yellow; equal in size to Cuthbert; very hardy; very prolific.

Ranere (St. Regis). (Everbearing.) Red; very sweet and rich; excellent quality.

Highly productive and very hardy. Producing a full crop at the time other raspberries fruit and again in the fall.

Prices of Raspberries.

Strong canes, 8 cts. each; 65 cts. per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

Gooseberries

Downing. Fruit large, roundish, light green, juicy. 15 cts. each; \$1.00 per 10. Houghton. Medium size; fruit red; bears abundantly. 15 cts. each; \$1.00 per 10. Industry. Berries of large size; dark red, excellent quality. 25 cts. each; \$2.00 Industry. per 10.

Josselyn. Red; resembles Houghton, but the fruit is larger; bush vigorous. 20 cts. each; \$1.75 per 10.

Strawberries

ericus. (Everbearing.) They not only produce a full crop at the time other strawberries fruit but will again bear a full crop in the fall, provided they are well fertilized and cultivated and kept in vigorous growth. The pot grown plants we offer will produce a full crop the fall of the season planted. Price, plants we offer will produce a full crop the fall of the season planted, of pot grown, 50 cts. per 10; \$4.00 per 100.

Belt. Early season. Luxuriant grower and very productive. Fruit often of enormous size. Rich colored, firm, of the best quality.

Brandywine. Of immense size, firm, solid and shapely. Flesh red to the core and delicious.

Chesapeake. Vigorous. Fruit uniformly large, firm, very prolific and of high

quality.

Dunlap. Large, regular and attractive berry. Deep red. Excellent in quality.

Early to mid-season.

Early Jersey. The best early variety, large, firm, fine quality.

Edmund Wilson. Mid-season, robust habit, large berries of high quality.

Edmund Wilson. Mid-season, robust habit, large berries of high quality.

Gandy. Very robust habit, large firm and good quality.

Late Jersey. Late, large, uniform size, fine flavor.

McKinley. Vigorous, healthy and great yielder, delicious fruit. Mid-season.

Prices of Strawberries.

Selected layers, 25 cts. per 10; \$1.00 per 100.

Pot grown plants ready August 15th. Inquire for list issued about June 25th.

Asparagus

Barr's Mammoth. A new and popular variety. One of the best. Conover. A well known and popular variety.

Prices of Asparagus.

Extra strong, 2 years, \$2.00 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000. Extra strong, 1 year, \$1.50 per 100; \$6.00 per 1,000.

Rhubarb

Linnaeus. Leaf-stalks large, tender, juicy, produced quite early. 15 cts. each; \$1.00 per 10. Larger roots, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 10.



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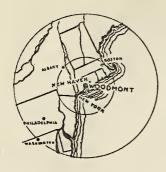
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